

MASONRY

IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND IN ROMANIA

Masonry, as an institution, is an initiatory order whose members are fraternized by common moral, spiritual and social ideals, by initiation in accordance with a common ritual, by the oath placed on one of the holy books of the great religions (Bible, The Qur'an, the Dao de Jing, the Hindu Vedas, the Buddhist Tripitaka, or other writings considered sacred) and, in most ramifications, by faith in a "Supreme Power" called "Great Architect of the Universe". Masonic organizations, present in most countries, are in the form of autonomous obedience, "Grand Lodges" or "Great Orient" (groups of lodges), themselves composed of "blue lodges" (alsocalled "workshops") of 7 – 50 members. The number of Freemasons in the world is about four million, most in the United States and Western Europe.

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1. MASONRY IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

1.1. HISTORY AND SYMBOLISM . CITYES NAMED MASON.

THE GREAT MASONIC IDEALS OF HUMANITY / Triple principle: Freedom - Equality-Fraternity (in Romania also circulated the synonym Justice-Brotherhood); Rationalism and Enlightenment; The United States of Europe; The Society of Nations; The Republic and Universal Revolution; National independence, including the creation of national armies; National Unity; Equality before the Law; Property rights; Guarantee the work product; The universal sufrage; The introduction of the Civil Code; The carrying of public education; Individual freedo (fredom of consciousness); Freedom of the Press; Freedom of Religion; The separation between of the State and Church; The abolition of the death penalty; Right to social service;

David Amiley Ester

Lodge Portsmouth New Hampshire. Prefilatelic correspondence loco. Oct. 23, 1811 (5811), Invitation to the General Anssembly of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire.

> GRAND SECRETARY'S OFFICE, PORTSMOUTH, OCT. 23, A. L. 5811.

Brother David Smiley, Esp. Larier Much Or his fuccessor in office.

The Most Worshipful Nathaniel Adams, Esq. Grand Master of Masons in and throughout the State of New-Hampshire requires your personal attendance at the General Assembly of the Grand Lodge of the State of Newhampshire, to be held at the Lodge Room in Portsmouth, on the fourth Wednesday of January A. L. 5812, being the 22nd day of faid month, at 2 o'clock P. M.

By order,

Lessing GRAND SECRETARY.



Most field Dec yth 1856

Dead shother and Thieness

o now Sit clown to write as frew Simes

to bet show of our health and wealthair

my peublic is vary good indeed ut this

Today, the main Masonic symbols are the "three great lights": "the torch", "the compass" and "the volume of the Sacred Law", as well as the letter "G", written inside a torch and a compass, which actually represents the initiation of the words. "God", "geometry, generation, genius, gnosis" ...

PREFILATELIC CORRESPONDENCE, DEC 11 1836, Witefield N.H. to Mason N.H.

Militafield Sets 121/2
Der 11th
Mi Eyra Sewell
Mason
Stato

In the United States of America, the symbol begins to be used in 1773, in the tavern of the Green Dragon, which functioned as a Masonic Lodge with the name of St. Andrew, at that time under the obedience of the Grand Lodge of Scotland. Albert Mackey believed that the masons were taught that "masonry and geometry are synonymous" and that "the geometric symbols found in the rituals of modern Freemasonry can be considered as the remains of the geometric secrets known to the Masons of the Middle Ages, which are now believed to have been lost." Occult geometry, sometimes called "sacred geometry", has long used geometric symbols, such as the circle, triangle, pentagram, etc., to illustrate metaphysical and philosophical ideas.



MIDWAY KY DEC / 11 (1861) to Dever Mason N.H.



WSTFORD MASS. JUL / 2 / 1881 to Mason N. Hamp.



DABLIN N.H. JUL / 13 (1850'S) to Mason N.H. (NEW HAMPSHIRE)



From MASON N.H. FEB / 26. (1850 S) to Kashrea N.H.



From MASON N.H. NOV. 28./1859 to Bennington N.H. (NEW HAMPSHIRE)



This collection of Washington relics is the property of Alexandria Washington Lodge, No.22, A F & A.M., and containts Washington's Masonic Apron presented in the 1812 by Lawrense Lewins, Washington's nephew; his wedding glowes; pocket compass; pruning knife; medicine scales; bleeding implements and maby other valuable relics wich have been presented to the Lodge from time to time by his relatives. (1929)



From MASON ILLS. JAN / 15 / 1884 (ILLINOIS) STAR FANCY CANCEL



From MASON CITY ILL. DEC / 9 / 1912 to LINCOLN ILL. DEC / 9 / 1912, (ILLINOIS)
From MASON CITY ILL. JUL / 9 (1872) to Pawnee City Nebraska, cover & letter from brother

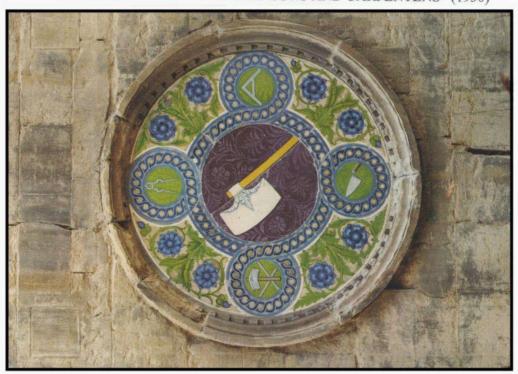


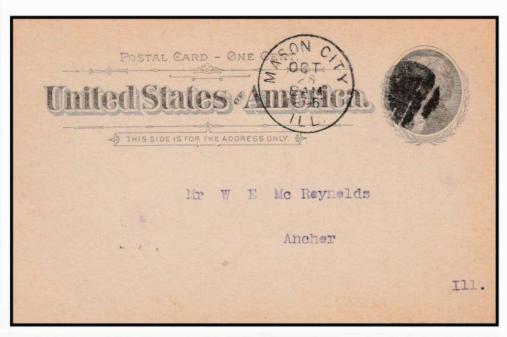


From MASON VILLAGE N.H (1850'S) to Lancustru Ohio



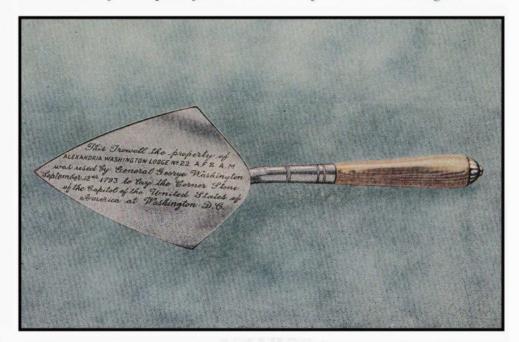
From MASON VILLAGE N.H.(1860'S) to *Lrog N.H.* (NEW HAMPSHIRE) CREST OF THE GUILD OF STONE-MASONS AND CARPENTENS (1930)





From MASON CITY ILL. OCT / 26 / 896 to Ancher Ill. (I LLINOIS)

This tronvell the proprietary of ALEXANDRIA WASHINGTON LODGE NO 22 A.F & A.M was first used by General Washington September 18th 1873 to the Corner Stone of the Capitol of the United States of America at Washington D.C.



This trowell was first used by General Washington at the laying of the corner store of the National Capitol in 1793. It was used a second time for the laying of the corner store of the Simithsonian Institution in 1846, and shortly afterward for the laying corner stone of th. Washington Monument on july 4, 1848. It was used by President Roosvelt in 1907 for thr laying of Washington, D.C., and, on November 1, 1923, at the layining of the corner stone of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial at Alexandria, Va., by Acting Grand Master Charles H. Cahllahan of Virginia,, assisted by President of the United States and representatives of Grand Lodges throughout the United States. (1929)



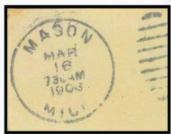
MASON MICH. MAY / 19 / 1900 to Mason Mich.



MASON MICH OCT / 8 (1860 S), fancy cancel to Niagara Falls, New York

DETROIT MICH. MAR 6 / 1906 to MASON MICH. MAR / 16 / 1906



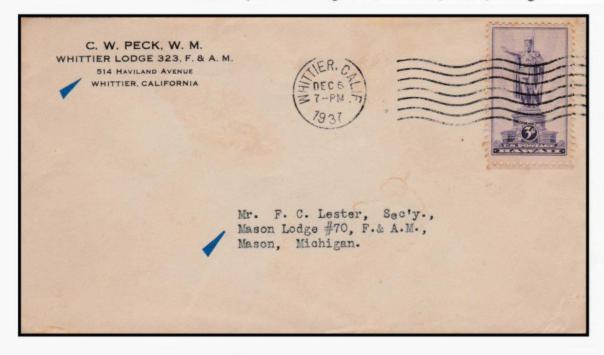


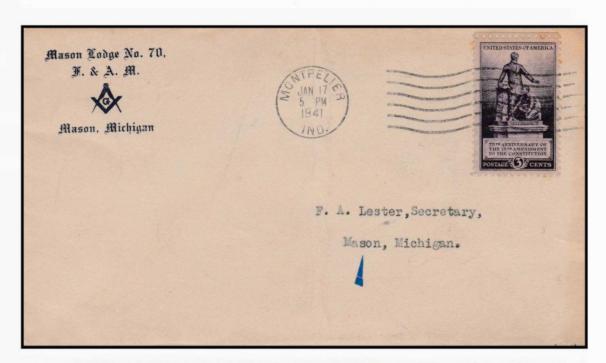


LASING MICH. DEC / 25 / 1887, fancy cancel to Mason Mich.

In the nineteenth century, Mackey asserted that the Freemasonry of the medieval era had taken over both knowledge of construction and the organizational model of the "architects of Lombardy". This guild in northern Italy was the first whose members assumed the name "Freemasons", which became the abbreviation for the "Fraternal Order of free and recognized stone carvers as such." The expression "recognized as such" was used in the case. later members of the Order, who ha no connection with its founders, stone carvers, an alchemy work expressly mentioning the term "Freemason" can be dated to the 50s of the 15th century.

From C.W.PECK, W.M. WHITTER LODGE 323 F.& A.M. WHITTER. CALIF. DEC/6 /1937 to Mr. F.C.Lester, Sec y., Mason Lodge # 70, F.& A.M., Mason, Michigan

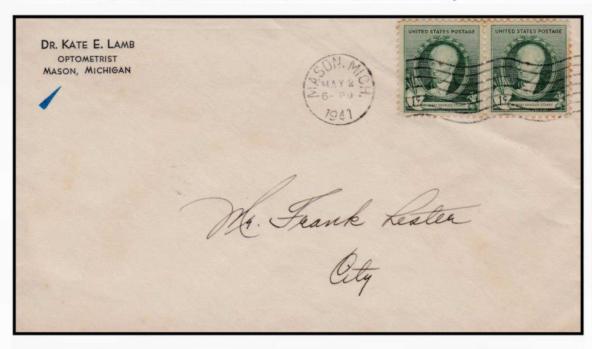




From Mason Lodge No. 70 F & A.M. MONTPELIER IND. JAN 17 / 1941 to F.A. Lester, Secretary Mason, Michigan

Masonic legends place the formation of the organization in the time of the Tower of Babel and in the building of the Temple in Jerusalem by King Solomon, which is mentioned in the Bible. According to Mircea Eliade, "history begins in Sumer". Basically, the beginnings of operative masonry represent the beginnings of urban culture, the construction of the first city-cities. In terms of the prehistory of the human species, however, man has always been a stone carver. When the art of stone carving was combined with geometry, Architecture appeared. The first Grand Masters were, in fact, Architects.

From Dr. KATE E. LAMB OPTOMETRIST / MASON, MICHIGAN MASON MICH. MAY 2 / 1941 to Franl Laster, City



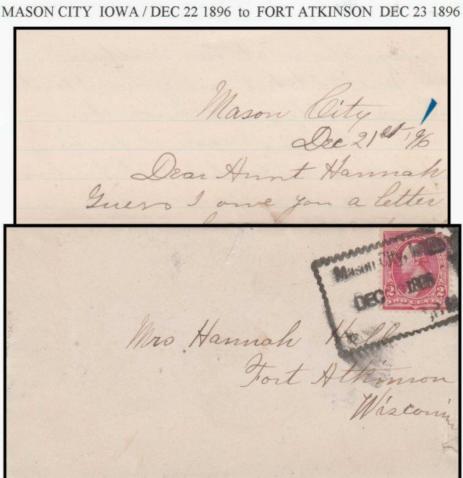


MASON CITY SEPT (IOWA, 1865)



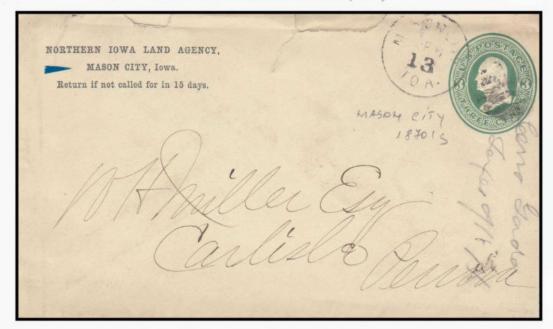
MASON CITY IOA. SEPT (1885) to Fenad City, Iowa

MASON CITY IOWA / DEC 22 1896 to FORT ATKINSON DEC 23 1896





MASON CITY IOA. DEC / 4 (1874)



MASON CITY IOA. FEB / 13 (1870'S)

MASON CITY IOWA. JUN / 22 / 1946 to SAN ANTONIO, - TEXAS









MASON CITY IOWA MAY 1 / 1940 toNSAS CITY MO. MAY 2 / 1940 (verso)

MASON CITY IOWA OCT 21 / 1949 to OMAHA NEBR. OCT 21 / 1949 (verso)



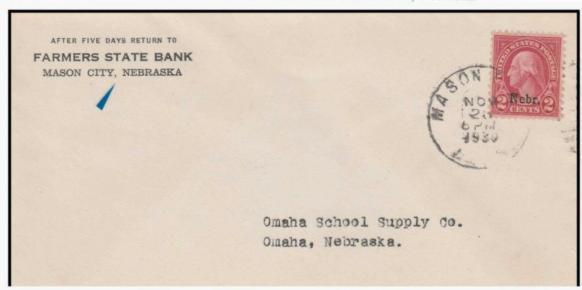


MSON OHIO JAN / 17 / 1910 to LEBANON OHIO JAN 17 / 1910



1893, OHIO. GROUP GENTELMEN MSONIC.

MASON CITY NEBR. NOV / 20 / 1930 to Omaha, Nebraska.





1.2. MASONIC TEMPLE AND MASONIC ACTIVITIES

QUARTERLY CIRCULAR.

OFFICE OF THE G. SECRETARY G. LODGE OF ILLINOIS, A. F. & A. M., Springfield, Ill., June 1, A. D. 1868, A. L. 5868.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The following notices of Re-instatements, Suspensions, Expulsions, and Rejections have been received at this office for the quarter ending June 1, A. D. 1868:

RE-INSTATEMENTS.

Perry Lodge No. 95.—H. L. Sutphin, Jan. 4. Illinois Central No. 178.—James Tait, Joseph Tait, April 20.

Accordia No. 277.—Louis Rosenbaum, May 8, Plymouth No. 281.—C. H. Dodd, April 4.

DEFINITE SUSPENSIONS.

Paris Lodge No. 268.-L. Odenbaugh, April 2, eleven months. | Moscow No. 457.-Robert Hood, April 1, six months.

INDEFINITE SUSPENSIONS.

Warren Lodge No. 14.—J. C. Becker, April 28.
Charleston No. 35.—Samuel Wright, March 3.
Belvidere No. 60.—Lyman Andrews, L. H. Magher, Hiram Jackson, W. F. Peebles, E. S. Courtright, May 4.
Mt. Pulaski No. 87.—Charles Thompson, March 21.
Hope No. 162.—James F. McCandless, April 4.
Mystic Tie No. 187.—Hiram D. McCoy, May 7.
Sheba No. 200.—Bradford R. Gilbert, April 15.
Horicon No. 244.—S. G. West, D. D. Culver, W. B. Cummings,
Spencer Baker, J. C. Jarvis, G. P. Lord, J. M. Lackey, Jas. Murry,
S. F. Wheeler, A. Worthington, James M. McCrea.

Aurora No. 254 .- O. C. Hinds, M. Ferguson, R. W. Hoyt, May

Palatine No. 314.—Ira D. Buck, May 30. Arcola No. 366.—R. W. Surbey, A. Miller, J. Easton, D. C. Hos-

Cter.
Lsaac Underhill No. 375.—C. H. Slemmer, April 17.
Oconec No. 393.—Lewis Hill, May 1.
Hesperia No. 411.—Wm. J. Maitland, April 22.

EXPULSIONS.

Waukegan Lodge No. 78.—Henry H. Boyce, April 6.
Perry No. 95.—E. H. Bentley (E. A.), March 7.
Marcelline No. 114.—Geo. W. Dorsett, March 7.
Bloomfield No. 148.—W. B. Bailey, N. B. Stage, April 4.
Vienna No. 150.—James M. Culp, March 3.
Abingdon No. 185.—F. McK. McDonald, agent for Chicago Scale Company, May 5.

Kilveinning No. 311.—Chas. W. Wentworth, May 7.
Noble No. 362.—Thomas Wakefield, R. S. Rowland, March 5.
Stratton No. 408.—P. B. Rippetoe (E. A.), March 7.
Chebanse No. 429.—A. W. Pratt, March 14.
Odin No. 503.—Joseph S. Holley, March 4.
O. H. Miner No. 506.—Calvin Treadway, April 25.
Towanda No. 542.—S. G. Lane (F. C.), April 3.

REJECTIONS.

Bodley Lodge No. 1.—Louis Landbur, Jr., Leonard Schmitt, March 2; Thomas W. Young, April 20. Harmony No. 3.—J. F. Barron, W. O. Dresback, W. H. Barnes,

Kaskaskia No. 86.—John K. Wright, A. G. Phegy, April 4. Havana No. 88.—John C. Page, William Davies, March 2; Geo. Hoagland, April 6. Jerusalem Temple No. 90.—William Johnson, W. H. Shephard.

QUARTERLY CIRCULAR

OFICE OF THE G. SECRETARY G. LODGE OF ILLINOIS, A.F. & A.M. 1868, SPRINGFIELD ILL, June 1, A.D. 1868 A.L. 5868 RE-INSTATEMS, DEFINITE SUSPENSIONS, EXPULSIONS, REJECTIONS.

SPRINGFIELD ILL. / JUL / 6 / 868 (1868) FANCY CANCEL GRILL

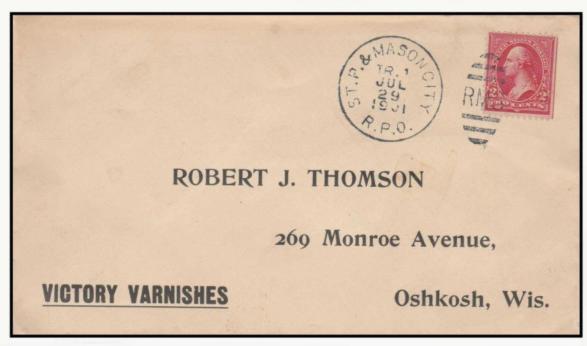




MASON & DIXON JAN / 25 / 1888 to CHAMBERSBURC, PA. JAN / 25

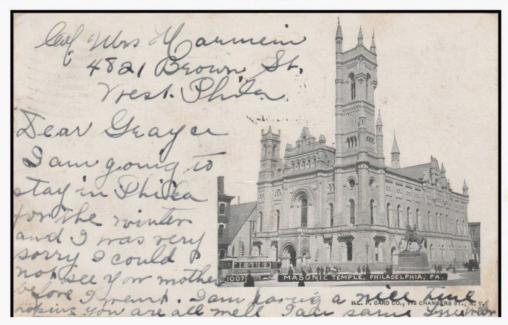


PEORIA & MASON R.P.O. APR./2/1904 + RMS to INDEPENDENCE APR 3/1904 ST.P. & MASON CITY R.P.O. JUL / 26 / 1901 + RMS





PHILADELPHIA PA. 4 / NOV /1904 to NEW YORK N.Y. 6 / NOV /1904 MASONIC TEMPLE PHILADELPHIA PA.



From BLOSS LODGE NO. 350, F. & A. M. – BLOUSSBURG PA. JUN/ 2/1890 to RECEVIELD PHILA. JUN/ 3/1890 – Grand Secretary Masonic Temple Philadelpia



MYSTIC MASONRY;

THE SYMBOLS OF FREEMASONRY

AND THE

GREATER MYSTERIES OF ANTIQUITY.

By J. D. BUCK, M.D., F.T.S., A. and A.S.R. 32° Author of "A Study of Man," etc., etc.

16mo. 265 pages. 14 full-page illustrations of Mystic and Masonic Symbols. Bound in purple cloth, with artistic cover design.

Price \$1.50. Sent postpaid on receipt of price.







The book is designed to aid in restoring to Masonry the meaning of its secret symbols, and the profound Philosophy of the Ancient Mysteries from which Masonry is derived. It uses the general outline of the Ritual of the Lodge to unfold the real process and meaning of true Initiation which is made synonymous with the higher evolution of man. It is therefore the reverse of all attacks and so-called exposes of Masonry, and goes further than perhaps any other work given to the public in unfolding the real meaning and beneficence of Masonry. Every Mason should read it as an incentive to still further investigation. To most Masons it will be a genuine revelation, and can hardly fail to increase his zeal and devotion to the grandest organization that has been preserved from ancient times, in spite of all persecution and the ravages of time.

The book is a model of the book-maker's art; bound in purple muslin, with gold and silver design on the cover representing the "Trinity of Lights" of the Lodge. The type is clear, the paper fine, and the illustrations make it altogether one of the neatest books of the season. Just the thing for one's library or a "gift" to a friend.

For the laity the book is equally appropriate, as the philosophy and ethics of masonry are designed for the universal benefit of man.

> CHAS. G. MANNING & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Masonic Supplies, 627 Broadway, CINCINNATI, O.

MYSTIC MANSORY / OR / THE SIMBOLS OF FREEMASONRY, 1890'S

MYSTIC MASONRY



GREATER MYSTERIES OF ANTIQUITY.

CHAS. G. MANNING & CO. MASONIC SUPPLIES.

627 Broadway,

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1830 5

SR. STEWARD.

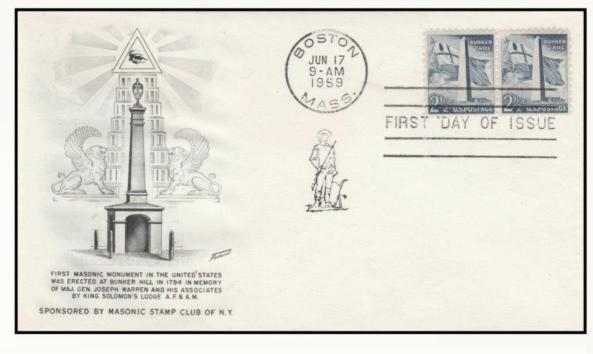


BOSTON MASS. NOV / 21 (1860'S), MASONIC CANCEL



BOSTON MASS. JUL / 21 / 1871, MASONIC CANCEL

BOSTON MASS. JUN / 17 / 1959 (MASSACHUSETTS), FIRST DAY OF ISSUE MASONIC MONUMENT IN THE UNITED STATES WAS ERECTED AT BUNKER HILL IN 1794 IN MEMORY OF MAJ., GEN. JOSEPH WARREN AND HIS ASSOCIATES BY KING SOLOMON'S LODGE A.F. & A.M.





NATICK MASS. JUN 7 / 1909, FLAG CANCEL to Newton, Mass.

TAKAWAMBAIT LODGE NO. 59, I. O. O. F.

BROTHER:

There will be a special meeting of Takawambait Lodge, No. 59, I. O. O. F., on *Sunday*, *June 13*, 1909, for the purpose of attending Memorial Services at the Unity Church, Natick.

Brothers will meet at the Hall at 10 A. M. Services at 10:30. Rev. George F. Pratt will conduct the Services. Please bring white gloves.

Per order

Erving I. Pendleton, N. G.

Myron E. Holbrook, Rec. Sec.



WASHINGTON D.C. APR 10 / 1895 to City

HIRAM LODGE, No. 10, F. A. A. M.

Washington, D. C., April 10, 1895.

Dear Sir and Brother:

A special communication of Hiram Lodge, No. 10, F. A. A. M., will be held on Thursday, April 11th, instant, at 2.30 o'clock P. M., to attend the funeral of our late BRO. P. LOUIS RODIER, who died on Tuesday, April 9, 1895.

It is earnestly hoped that you will, by your presence, assist in sustaining the well-earned reputation of your Lodge.

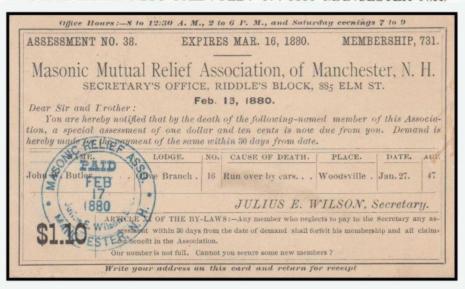
By order W.: M .:

JAMES W. WRENN,

Secretary.

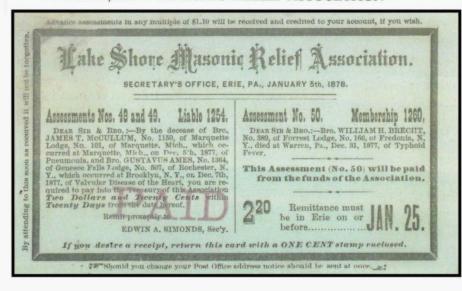


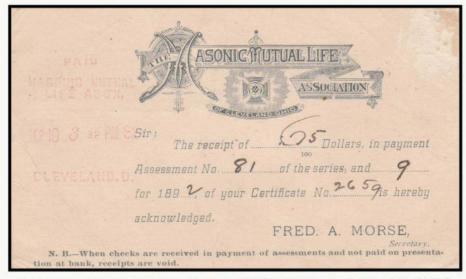
MASONIC RELIEF ASSO PAID / FEB / 17 / 1880 MANCESTER N.H.



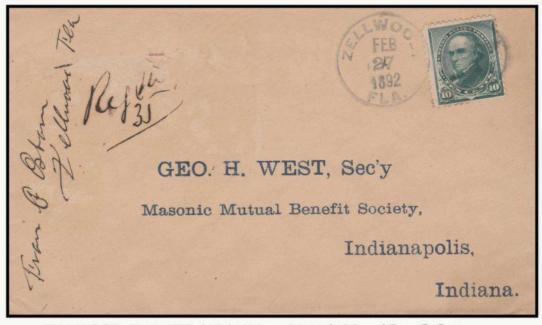


ERIE PA JAN / 14 (1878) to Spingfield Mass. LAKE SHORE MASONIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION





1892, MASONIC MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION CLEVELAND OHIO



ZELLWOOD FLA. FEB / 27 / 1892 to Masonic Mutual Benefit Society

MASONIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION
BROOKLYN N.Y. MAY / 1907 to The Secretary Lodge No. 137 A.F. & A.M.

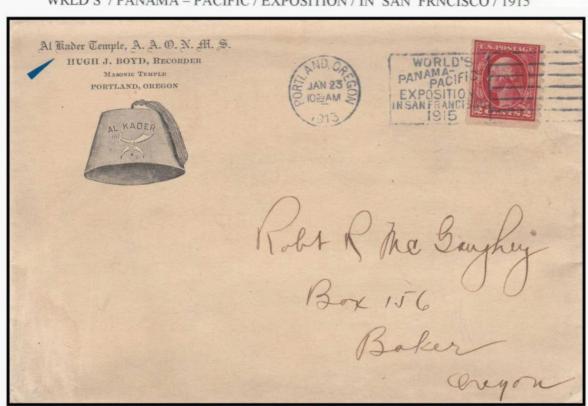




Old Masonic Building Portland, Maine

The Masonry Temples, larger depending on the importance of the size of the lodges and the representation, include: offices for the commercial companies of the Freemasonry members, accommodation rooms, libraries, conference rooms, churches, rooms for discussion and relaxation, theaters and auditions, administrative offices for, educational rooms, rooms for activities of family members and the public.

PORTLAND OREGON JAN / 23 / 1913 + WRLD'S / PANAMA – PACIFIC / EXPOSITION / IN SAN FRNCISCO / 1915





The Masonic Temple, New York City.

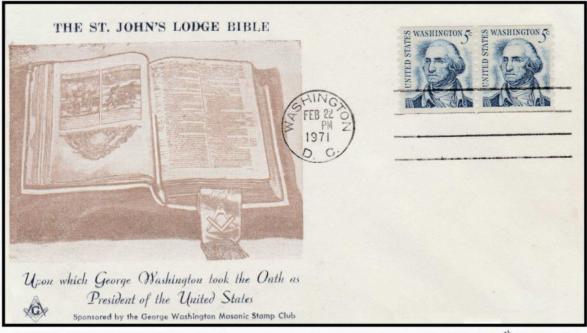
The Masonic Temple is located on the corner of Sixth Avenue and 23rd Street. It is a beautiful imposing temple dedicaded to Masonic Fraternity most of the Masonic Lodges of the city have theier loges room here. Is also contains a large auditorium and banquet halls where visiting lodges are entertained.

NEW YORK MAY 25/99 (1899)

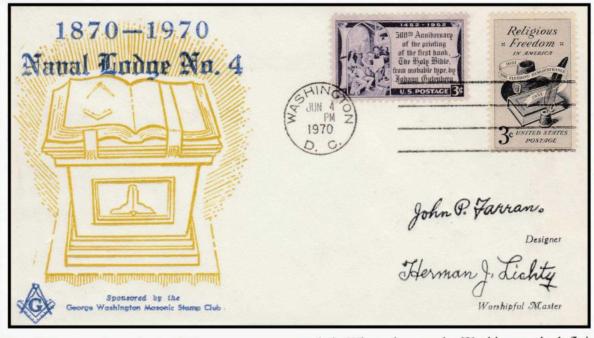


THE ST. JOHN'S LODGE BIBLE

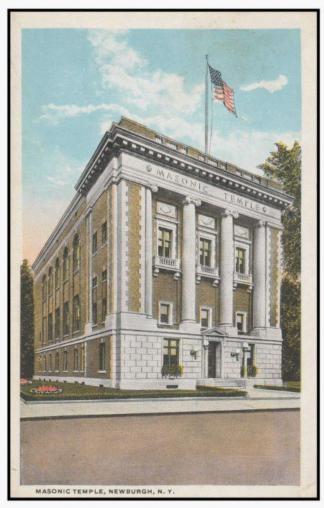
The Bible was "Printed by Mark Baskett, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, London 1767". There are numerous artistic engravings portray Biblical narratives from designis and paintings by old masters and engraved by the celebrated English artist, John Stuart. The Bible was presented to the Lodge by Jonathan Hampton on November 28th, 1770, the nighthe was made Master.



The Bible was presented to the Lodge by Jonathan Hampton on November 28th, 1770, the nighthe was made Master. Everything was ready for the administration of the oath of office to the president, George Washington, of the new government on April 30, 1789 when it was found that there had not been provided a Holy Bible on which the President elect could swear allegance to the Constitution. Jacob Morton, who was Marshal of the parade and at that Master of St. John's Lodge, was standing close by, and, seeing the dilemma they were in, remarked that he could get the altar Bible of St. John's Lodge, which met at the "Old Coffe House".



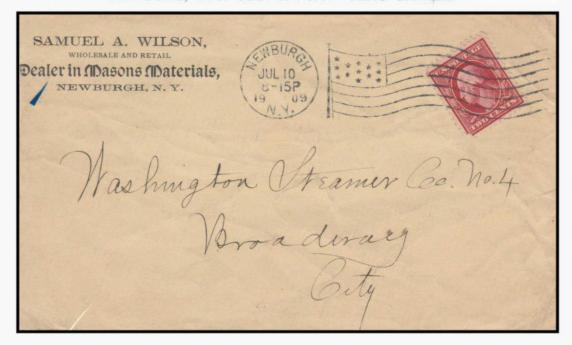
The Bible was brought, and the ceremony proceded. When the stately Washington had finished repeating oath, with his right hand resting on the open Book and his head bowed in reverential manner, he said, in a clear and distinct voice, "I swear, so help me God!" Then bowving ove his magnificent Bible, he reverently kisset Voice exclamed "Long live George Washington, President of the United States!"

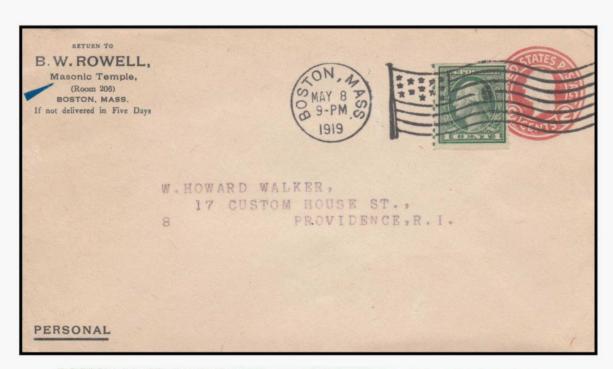


MASONIC TEMPLE, NEWBURG, N.Y.

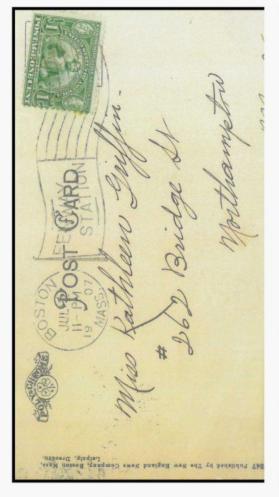
In situaded on Grand St. near Broadway, and erected in 1915 at a cost of \$ 160.000. It is a devoted exclusively for Masonic purposes and is regarded as one of the most beautiful and complete buildings of its kind in the country.

NEWBURG, N.Y. JUL/10/1909 FLAG CANCEL





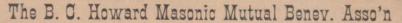
BOSTON MASS. MAY 8 / 1919 to PROVIDENCE, R.I. FLAG CANCEL BOSTON MASS. JUL 2 / 1907 + FENWAY / STATION to Morthampetru Mass. Masonic Temple, Boston Mass.







BALTIMORE OCT / 27 (1875) to NEEDLES NOV / 16 / 1875



ASSESSMENT NUMBER }

OF THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

61 and 62.

Baltimore, Oct. 27th, 1875.

Dear Brother:

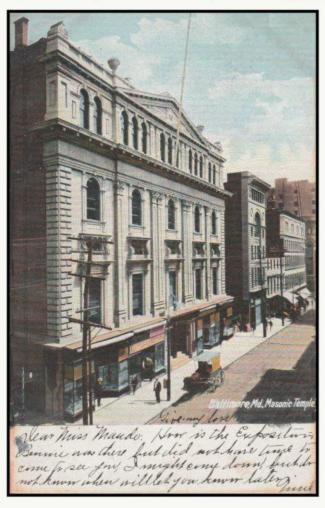
You are hereby notified of the death of Bro. G. C. Cassard, late of Warren Lodge, No. 51, and Bro. M. J. Cornell, late of Centre Lodge, No. 108, and of this Association. The Assessment of \$2.20 to pay their heirs is due and payable on or before Nov. 27, 1875. If not paid then, you will forfeit your membership and be dropped from the rolls. The Association is not responsible for money lost through the mails.

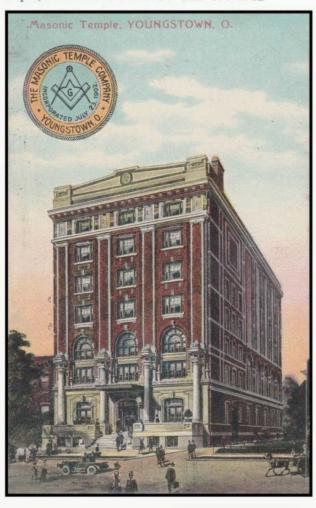
CH. E. NEEDLES, Secretary, 47 German St., EAST OF CHARLES,
AND MASONIC TEMPLE, WEDNESDAY NIGHTS.

BALTIMORE. MD AUG 16 / 1907 to NORFLOK. VA AUG 17 / 1907

Baltimore, Md. Masonic Temple

Masonic Temple, YOUNGSTOWM O. SEP 11 / 1912







SPRINGFIELD ILL. City (ILLINOIS) APR 27 / 1915 to City



OFFICERS-1915

H. C. McLoud, W. M.
D. H. Montgomery, S. W.
C. F. Nuess, J. W.
E. H. Helmle, Treasurer,
A. G. Trees, Secretary,
Arthur H. Davidson, S. D.
W. P. McLoud, J. D.
Wilhs L. Harl, S. S.
John D. Huffman,
Rev. F. W. Allen, Chaplain
G. Y. Helmle, Marshal
H. B. Davidson, Jr. Organist
Alf. I. Johnson, Tyler
M. A. Jones, Tyler
M. B. C.

Tyrian Lodge No. 333, A. F. & A. M.

Stated Meetings Third Monday of Each Month.

Masonic Temple, Springfield, Ill.

Brother:

There will be a Meeting of Tyrian Lodge No. 333, A. F. & A. M.

THURSDAY APR 29 1915 400 PM X

which you are cordially invited to attend.

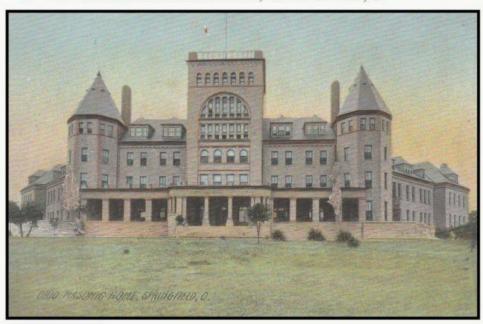
Fraternally,

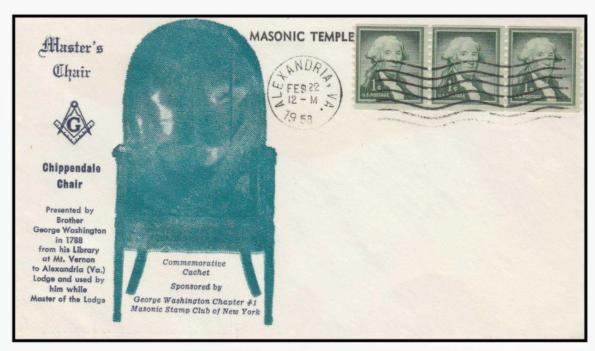
A. G. Trees, Secretary. H. C. McLoud, W. M. S41 Chenery St. Phone 4669.



612 Post Office Court. Phone 3994.

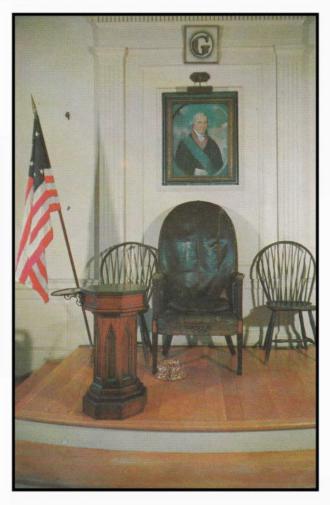
SPRINGFIELD OHIO AUG 27/1908 to RISINGSUN, IND. AUG / 27/1908 OHIO MASONIC HOME, SPRINGFIELD, O.





ALEXANDRIA, VA. FEB 22 / 1953

This Master's Chair was General Washington's Library Chair at Mount Vernon and was presented by him to Alexandria Lodge when he was made master of the Lodge at its institution in 1788, and was in constant use for the ensuing 118 years. Now kept in a glass case, and used only on special occasions. (1929'S)





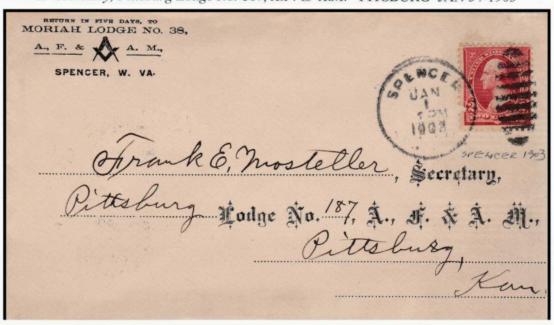


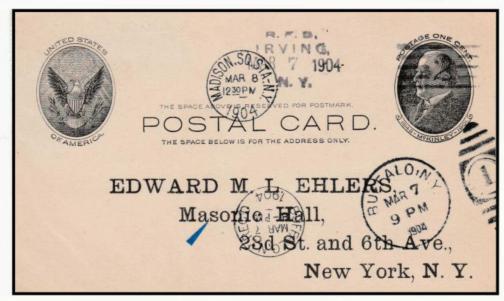
MASONIC UNIVERSITY, LA GRANGE KENTUCKY LA GRANGE. KY. 1860'S



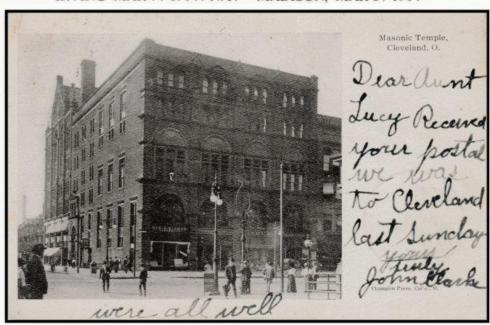
From Masonic Adversing "Welcome Lodge Nr. 453 F & A.M." - MAY 22 / 90 to Grand Secretary Masonic Temple Phila, Pa

From MORIAH LODGE No. 38, A.F. & A.M. SPENCER JAN 3 / 1903 to Secretary, Pittsburg Lodge No. 187, A.F. & A.M. PITSBURG JAN 3 / 1903





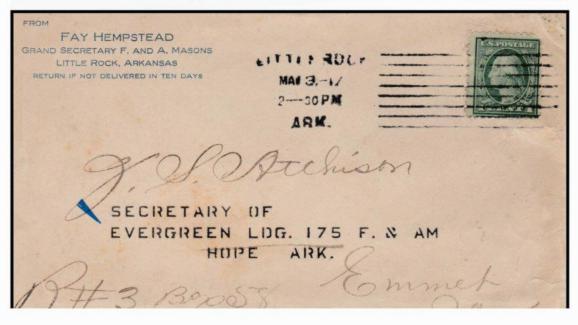
IRVING MAR 7 / 1904 / N.Y. - MADISON, MAR 8 / 1904



Masonic Temple, Clevland, O

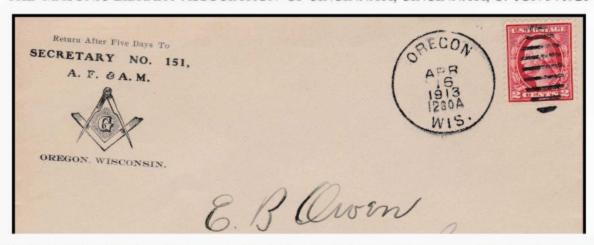
SEP / 13 / 1906

LITTLE ROKCK MAY 3.- 17 to SECRETARY OF EVERGREEN LDG. 175 F. & A.M.

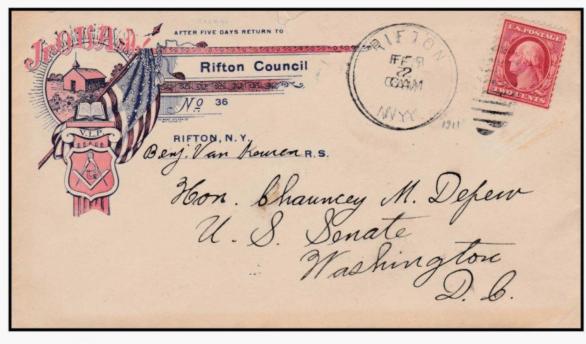




THE MASONIC LIBRARY ASSOCIATION OF CINCINNATI, CINCINNATI, O. JUN 3 /1928

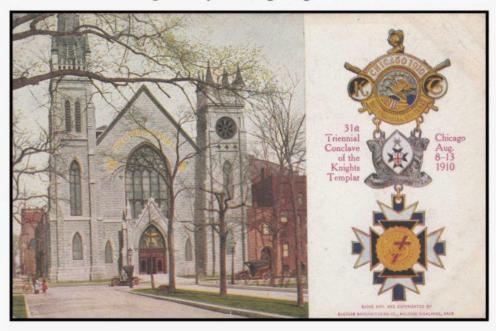


SECRETARY NO. 151, A.F. & A.M. OREGON WISCONSIN, OREGON WIS. APR /16 /1913 From Rifton Council RIFTON N.Y. FEB / 2 /(1911) to WASHINGTON D.C. FEB 2/1911

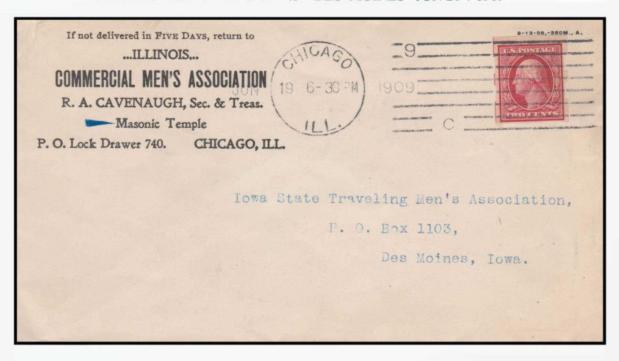




CHICAGO ILL. DEC / 19 / 1910 + STATION U 31 st Triennal Conclave (Masons Shriners) of the Knights Templar Chicago Aug. 8-13 1910

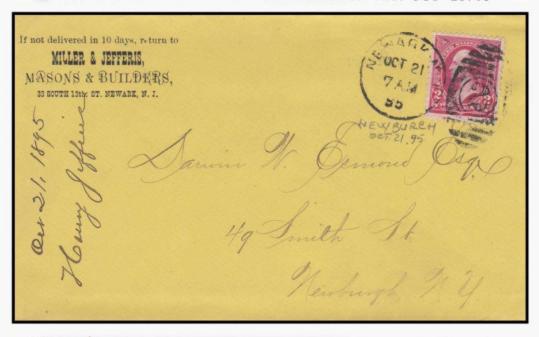


CHICAGO ILL. 19 6/1909 to DES MOINES JUN 20 / 1909





NEWBURCH N.Y. OCT 21/95 to NEWBURCH N.Y. OCT 21/95

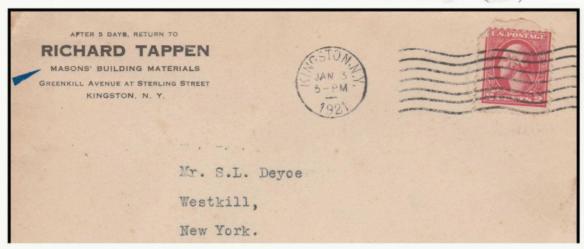


KNIGHT'S TEMPLAR CONCLAVE DENVER, COLO., AUG. 12-15, 1913



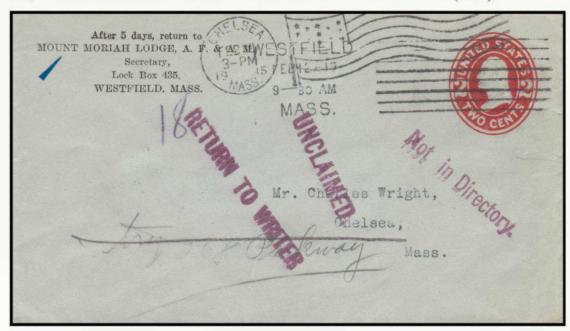


From Lee Lodge, F. & A.M. SPRINGFIELD, MASS. –
SPRINGFIELD, MASS. DEC / 14 / 1884 to PORTLAND DEC / 15 / (1884)



From KINGSTON, N.Y. JAN 3 / 1921 to Westkill, New York

From MOUNT MORIAH LODGE A.F. & A.M., Secretary, RETURN WESTFIEKD FEB 12 - 15 + CHELSEA MASS. FEB / 19 15 (1915)



1.3. HISTORICAL EVENT AND PERSONALITIES



Army and Newy Masonic Service Center-Masonic Temple, Battle Creek, Michigan

This cover is the first in the Civil War Centennial series. The stamp shows an officer sighting a coast artillery gun, while the cover depicts the main battery at Fort Sumter firing on Fort Moultrie and the Channel during to action of Friday, April 12, 1861. General Robert Anderson (1805–1871) is feautered in the military uniform he wore at the surrender of Fort Sumter. Fort Sumter was the "Pearl Harbor" of the War Between the States. The dramatic events enacted here in 1861 did on occur by sudden impulse, but Responsibility was very largely in the hands largely in the hands of one man, the commanding officer, Major General Robert Anderson. General Anderson was Southerner who did his duty, as he saw it, in his responsibility as a Union officer. It is a dramatic chapter out of American history.

CHARLESTON S.C. APR 12 / 1961 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE



Because it so largley concerns General Anderson, it has a special interest to the Masonic fraternity. He was a member of Mercer Lodge # 50 of Trenton, N.J., having been made a Master Mason on May 27, 1958. He was elected its Senior Warden in 1859. He later became an Honorary Member of Pacific Lodge # 233 of New York City, and was a life member of Columbian Commandery Lodge # 1 of New York City, where he received the Templar Degree on Jan. 16, 1863.



Initiated in Harmony Lodge No. 1, Nashville, Tennessee. Royal Arch Mason who served the Grand Chapter of Tennessee as Deputy Grand High Priest in 1826.

He was elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1822, being the first President to hold this high office.



1815 - 1965

BELTMANN -NO. 20





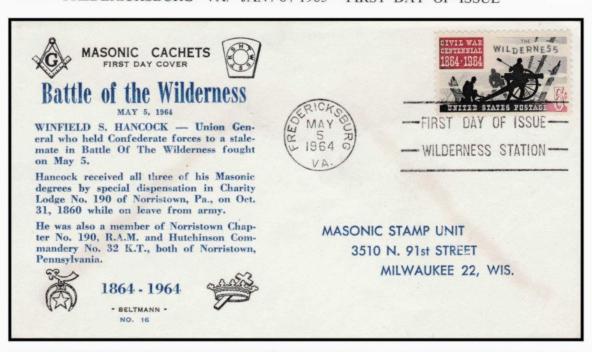


MASONIC STAMP UNIT 3510 NORTH 91ST STREET MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN 53222

NEW OARLES LA. JAN / 8 / 1965 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

General Andrew Jackson (1815-1865) he led his troops into this Battle of New Orleas which ended with the British withdrawal Jan. 18th, 1865. Initiated in Harmony Lodge No.1, Nashville, Tennesse. Royal Arch Mason who served the Grand Chapter Tennesse as Deputy Grand High Priest in 1826. He was elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Tennesse in 1822, being the first President to holdd this high office.

FREDERICKSBURG VA. JAN / 8 / 1965 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE



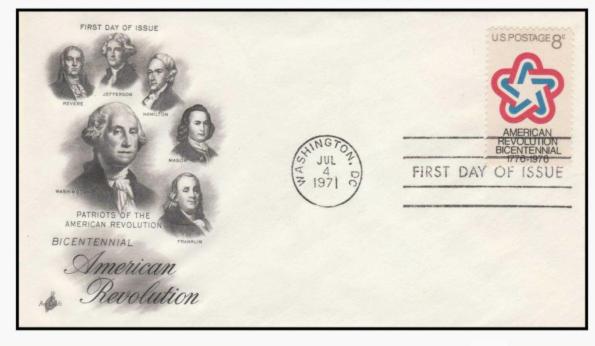
Winfield S. Hankcoch Union General who held Confederate forces to a stalemate in Battle Of The Wilderness foyght on May 5, 1864. Hankcoch received allthree of his Masonic degrees by special dispenstaon in Carity Lodge No. 190 of Norristown, Pa., Oct. 3, 1860 while on leave from army. He was also a member Of Norristown Chapter No. 190, R.A.M. and Hutchinson Comandery No. 32 K.T., of Norristown, Pensilvania.







WASHINGTON, DC JUL / 4 / 1971 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE



The Declaration of Independence was signed on July 4, 1776, in Philadeppia by the delegates of 13 North American states. The main craftsman of the Declaration of Independence was Thomas Jefferson (he was not a mason).



PILADELPPIA, PA. JUL/4/1976 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

Following numerous and repeated discussions, the document was signed by 56 Founding Fathers and is on display at the National Archives in Whasington D.C. Of the 56 signatories 9 were Masons, the most famous being Bejamin Franklin and John Hancock. July 4 became the National Day of the United States of America. The painting by John Turumbull is famous.

WASHINGTON, DC SEP/2/1983 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

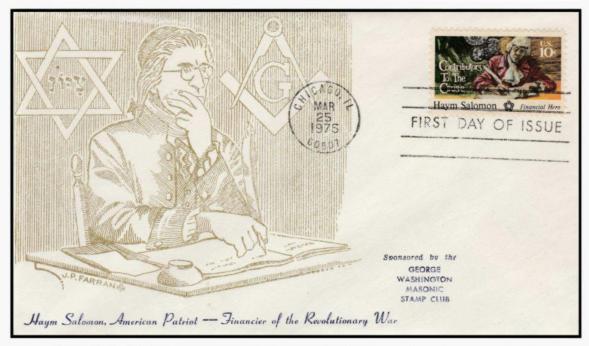




PLEASANTVILLE N.Y. MAR 7 / 1878, MASONIC STAR FANCY CANCEL to NEW YORK MAR 7 / (1878), Broadway N.Y

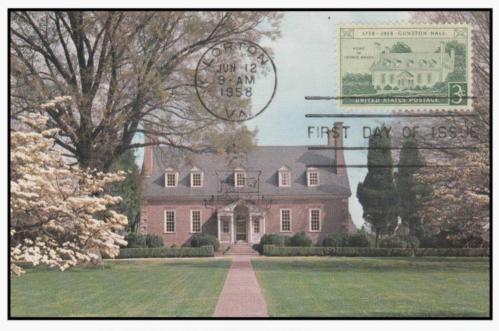
Haym Salomon was proposed for membership Lodge No.2 Philadelphia, Penna on June 21, 1764, received the first two degrees on June 23, an raised August 9, 1784. Haym Salomon was born in Poland of Jewis- Portuguese parennts in 1740. An advocate of Polish independence, he hid fled to England in 1772, and then to America, where he opened a brokerage office in Nev York City. He was in New York City only a few mownths before he joinced the Sons of Liberty, group of revolutionary patriots, and was twioce arrested and imprisoned by British.

CICAGO IL. MAR / 25 / 1975 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE



Later Philasdelphia, where he again began a brokerage busines, he amassed a large fortune, subsequently devoting it gave generoulsy of his ownresorces to pay the of Guvernment officials and officers. After the war, Salomon was almoust penniless and died in 1785, before he could rebuild his business. Mason Salomon is showen in the company of Robert Moris and George Washingtona one as ohe of the subjects of Lorado Taft's Great Triumvirate of Patriots monument in Cicago, Ilinois.

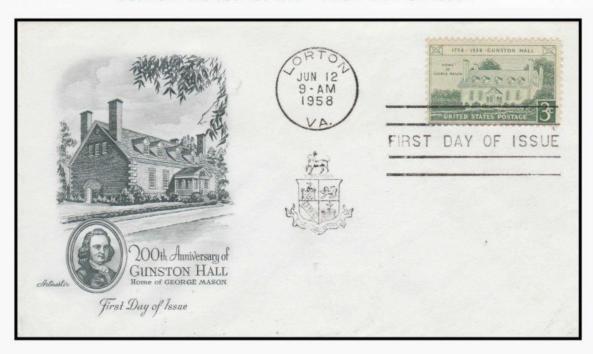




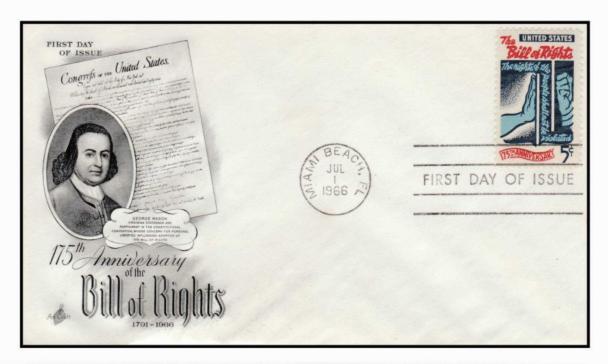
LORTON VA. JUN 12 / 1958 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

George Mason, born and raised in Virginia, he inherited several large estates along the Potomac River and became a fast friend of neighbor George Washington. In 1774, his Faifarfax Resolves set the tone of Virginia s resistance to Britain.

LORTON VA. JUN 12 / 1958 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE



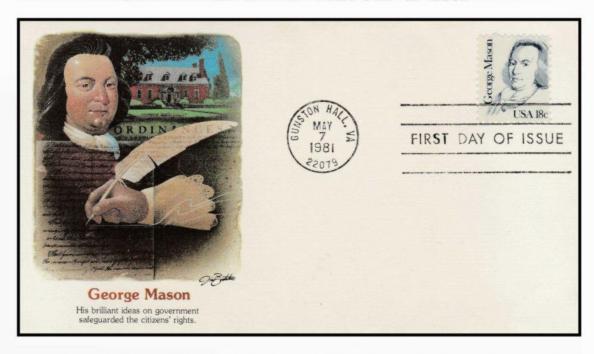
A year later, he served in the Virginia Convention and so impressed his fellow delegates, they selected him as part of their Continental Congress delegation. But true to his pattern, Mason refused the honor just as he steadfatly declined higher offices is his reluctant role as statesman.



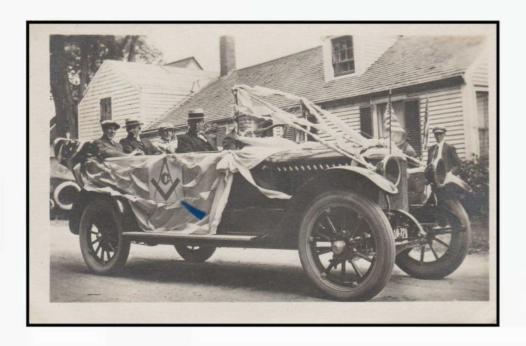
MAIAMI BECH, FL. JUL/1/1966 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

However he continued to offer insighyful suggestions to his fellow Virginians. When Virginia convenend her 1776 Convention, Mason s drafts of the Declaration of Rights and Constitution were nothing short of brilliant, and became models for other emerging states.

LORTON VA. JUN 12 / 1958 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

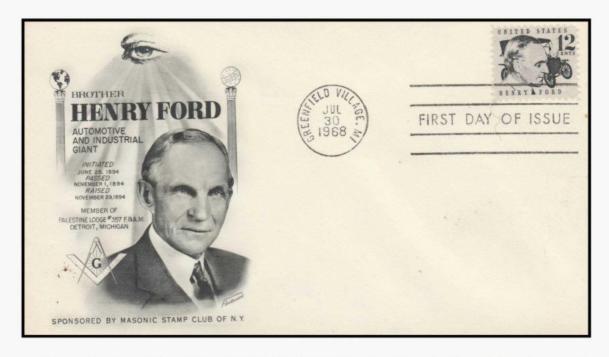


Though he declined many offers to represent Virginia at national gatherings, he did attend the Federal Constitutional Convention of 1787 and contribued many great ideas to the U.S. Constitution. Still, he refused to sign the document, contending that major revisions were necessary. However, when the Federal Bill of Rights was added, Mason conceded that, "I could chearfully put my hand and heart to the new gouvernment."

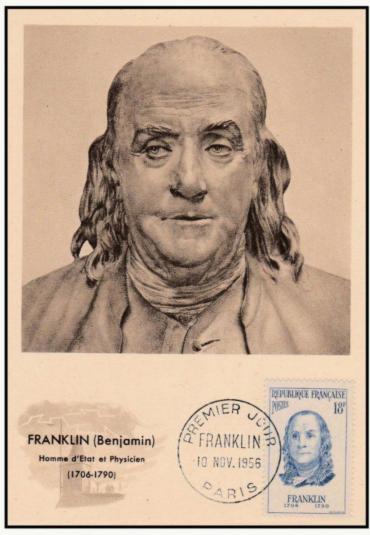


"If money is yeur hope for independence you will never it. The only real security that a man will have in this wareld have in this world have in this world is a reserve of knowledge, experience, and ablity." Henry Ford Initiated June 28, 1894, passed november 1, 1894, raised november 29, 1894, member of Palestine Lodge # 357 F & A.M., Detrid, Michingan.

GREENFIELD VILLAGE, MI. JUL / 30 / 1968 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

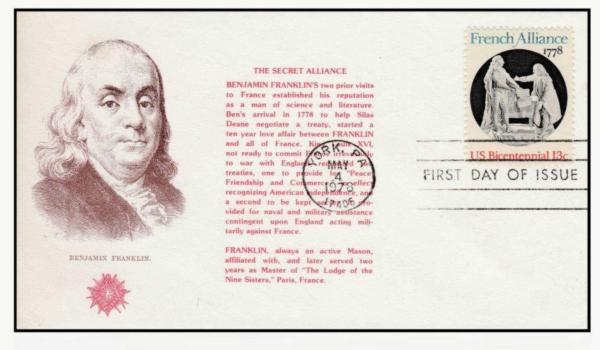


One of the great industrialists of the United States has contributed and participated, through its foundations, in the resolution of many aspects of the economic-social life during the consolidation and advancement period in the state that will become the world's greatest power.

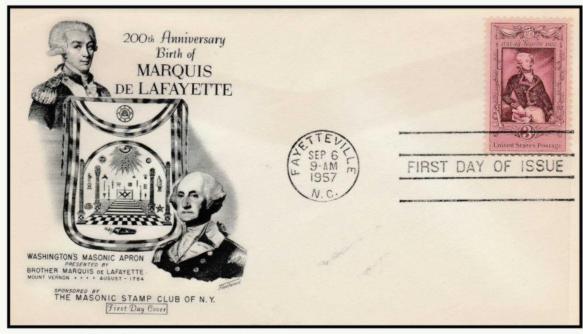


PREMIER JUR PARIS FRANKLIN / 10 NOV. 56

Mason Benjamin Franklin (1706–1790) is the only American to have participated in the signing of the four US-based documents: "Declaration of Independence" (1776), "Treaty of Alliance with France" (1778), "Treaty of Alliance with Great Britain" and "US Constitution" (1797). Benjamin Franklin – diplomat, scientist, inventor, writer, politician, always an active Mason, affiliated with, and later served two years Master of "The Lodge of the Nine Sisters", Paris, France.



The world famous masonic apron was presented by Brother La Fayette to Brother George Washington at Mount Vernon August, 1784. It was embroidered by Madam La Fayette on white satin with coloted silks.



FAYETTE VILLE N.C. SEP 6 / 1956 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

The apron was worn by Brother George Washington at a brilliant Masonic Ceremony at the laying of the corner stone of the National Capitol in Wasington, D.C. on Setember 18, 1793. After the of Washington, the apron was presented by his Legatees on October 26, 1816 to the Washington Benevolent Society of Pensilvania.



An active participant in two revolutions, the American and the French, the Marquis Gilbert de La Fayette (1757–1834) represents the essence of the Freemason aristocrat, who is fighting for great ideals. Participant in the most important battles of the War of Independence, advisor to George Washington and Bejamin Franklin, author of the proposal that the French flag be red-white-blue, Napoleon's opponent.

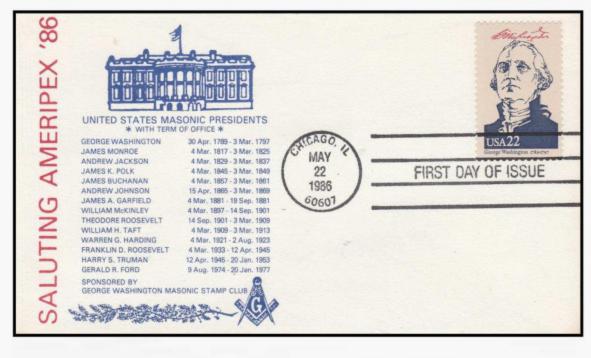
1.4. PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES MASONS



GEORGE WASHINGTON
PRESIDET OF THE UNITED STATES 30.Apr.1789 - 3 Mar.1797



UNITED STATES MASONIC PRESIDENTS CICAGO, IL. MAY / 22 / 1986 FIRST DAY COVER



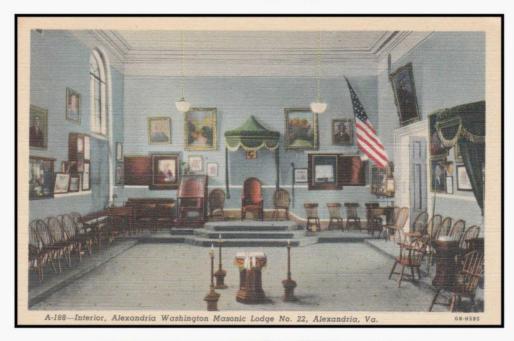


The stamp of this envelope was issued in New York on April 30, 1939 to mark the 150th aniversary of George Washington staking the oath of office as First President of the United States. The oath was taken on the balcony of Federal Hall which was then localted on the north side of Wall Street. The inaugural scene is shown on the stamp from a painting in 1789 by Alonzo Cappel for use as us illustration of "The Life and Times of Wasington".



George Washington is shown with his hands resting on the Bible wich in turn is resting on the cushion in the arms of Secretary Samuel A. Otis while Cancellor Robert R. Livingston, who administrated the oath is at the left. Vice-President John Adamt is in extreme. Cancellor Lingviston, at the time, was Grand Master of Masons of New York and on finding that there was no Bible for the occasion in Federal Hall, he sent to St. John's Lodge nearby for the Altar Bible, now a cherised possession of that Lodge, that George Wasington took the oath of office.

The altar, pedestalsand desks of Secretary and Treasurer are alloriginal furniture, also there are seventeen fan-back chairs that are original. The original Bible, published in 1763, rests on the altar.

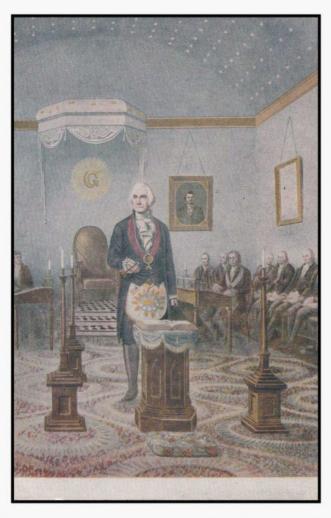


ALEXANDRIA, VA. TEMPLE STA. MAY 12/1932

This great Memorial to George Washington, the Mason is situated on Shooters Hill, in the western part of Alexandria Va., on the highway between the City of Washington and Mount Vernon, his old home.



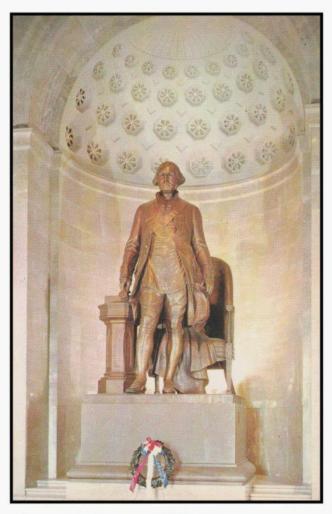
The imposing Memorial 338 feet higs, will overlook the City of Washingtonto the north and Mount Vernon to the south, while eastward at its feet lies Alexandria, which city he helped to plan. The Memorial will house a priceless collection of Memorarablli of Washington, including many articles closely connected with his carrerin the Masonic order. The cost of the Memorial will be \$4.000.000. It is being buil by the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Association.



A representation of General Washington presiding at the altar in his Lodge, while making arragements for the ceremonies connected with the laying of the corner stone of the National Capitol as Washington, D.C., on September 18, 1793 (1929)

ALEXANDRIA, VA. TEMPLE SB. MAY 12 / 1932 to Provincetown, Mass.





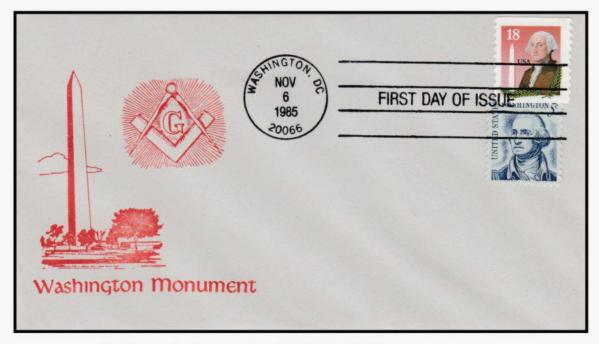
Bronze statue in Memorial Hall of General George Washington by Bryant Baker, depicting Washington as Master of Alexandria Washington Lodge #22. It is 17 feet, nearly 8 tons, and was given by the the Order of DeMolary. Unveiled February 22, 1950.

ALEXANDRIA, VA. TEMPLE STA. MAY 12/1932 to N.Y. & WASINGTON MAY/13/1932





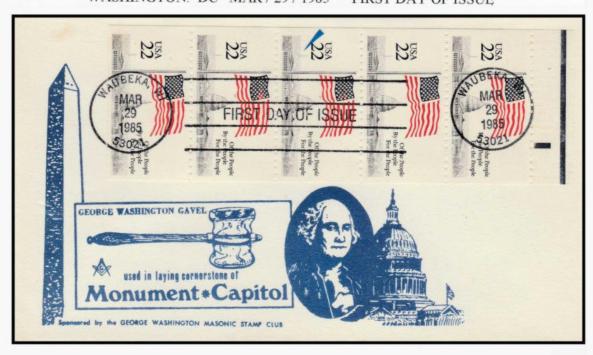
GEORGE WASHINGTON - MASTER MASON



WASHINGTON. DC NOV / 6 / 1985 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE

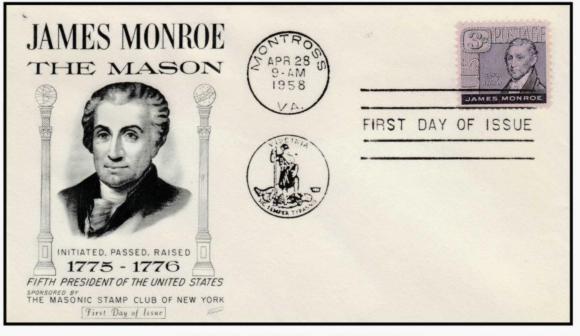
Entered Apprentice November 4, 1752, Fellowship March 3, 1753 and Master Mason August 4th, 1753. On September 18, 1793, the First President of the United States laid the cornerstone of the United State Capitol, with the Grand Lodge of Maryland, several lodgos under its jurisdiction and Lodge No. 22, from Alexandria, Virginia.

WASHINGTON. DC MAR / 29 / 1985 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE



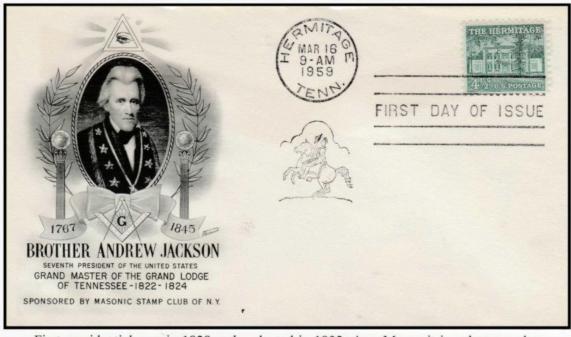
JAMES MONROE ... THE MASON INITIATE, PASSED, RAISED 1875 – 1876.

Senator; Minister Plenipotentiary to France; Governor of Virginia; Secretary of State; Secretary of War; helped negotiate The Louisiana Phurchase; served two terrms as President of the United States, 4 mar. 1817–3 mar. 1827. Born on Monroe s creek, in Westmoreland Country, Virginia on April 28, 1758. At 16, he entered the college of William and Mary, Willimburg, Va., but left in 1776 to take part in the part in the Revolutionary War.

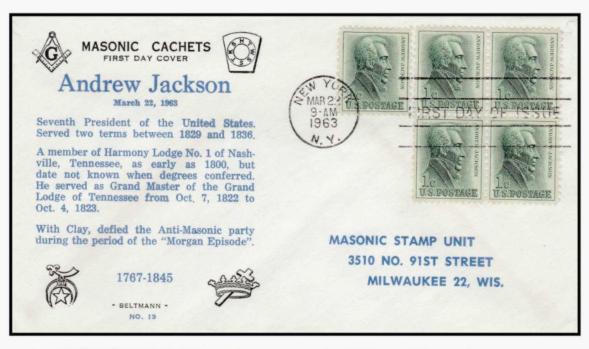


ANDREW JACKSON ... THE MASON GRAND MASTER OF GRAND LODGE OF TENNESSE 1822 – 1824

Seventh President of The United States 4 mar.1829–3 mar.1837. Andrew Jackson was born on March 15, 1767 in Washaw, between North an South Carolina. He became a U.S. Congresmen in 1796; a U.S. Senator in 1797 and a judge of the Tennesse Supreme Court in 1798. He was a made major general in U.S.Army and assigned to defend New Orleans 1812.



First presidential race in 1828 and reelected in 1832. As a Mason it is unknown where and when he received his degrees. Bell, in "Famous Masons" states: "Jackson was a member of Harmony Lodge #1, Nashville, as earlz as 1800". Was electred Grand Masster of the Grand Lodge of Tennesse, Octber 7, 1822, serving until October 1824.



Seventh President of the United States. Served two terms 14 Mar. 1829 - 3 Mar. 1837. A member of Harmony Lodge No.1 of Nashville, Tennessee, as early as 1800, but date not known when degrees conferred. He served as Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee from 1922 to 1923. Defied the Anti-Masonic arty during the period of the "Morgan Episode".

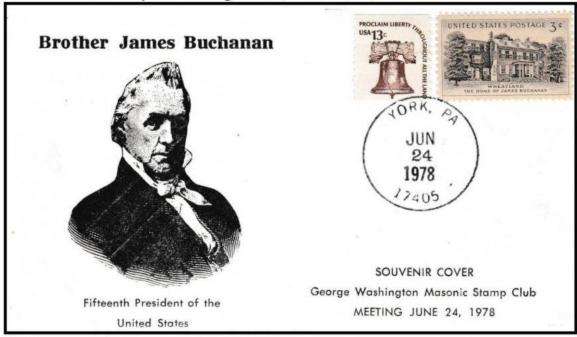


ANDREW JOHNSON ... THE MASON



Andrew Johnson, the 17th President of United States 15 Apr. 1865 – 3 Mar. 1869. Introduced the Homestead Bill in 1845 while Congressman. After several defeats the bill was finally passed in 1862. He reciivied his degrees in Greenville, Lodge No. 119 Tennessee, in 1851. He was Knighted in Nashville CommanderyNo 1 on July 26, 1859. He was the Scottish conferred the Executive Mansion, in 1867.

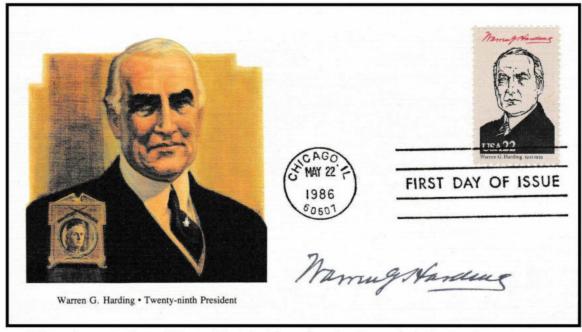
James Buchanan the fifteenth President of the United States 4 Mar.1857 - 3 mar. 1861. Was born April 23, 1791, near Mercersburg, Pennsylvania. He served at the United States minister to Russia, Senator from Pennsylvania, Secretary of State in Polk's cabinet. James Buchanan Lancaster petitionel Lodge No. 43, Lancaster, Pa., was initiated Dec.11, 1816.



He served his lodge as Junior Warden and Master. He was a member of the Royal Arch Charpter No. 43 of Lancester, Pa. Upon his death, June 1, 1868, he was given a Masonic burial by his home lodge in Lancaster, where his home "Wheatland" has been restored.

WARREN G. HARDING ... THE MASON.

Warren G. Harding thetwenty-ninth President of the United States 4 Mar. 1921- 2 Aug. 1923. He established the U.S. Veteran Bureau. For his Cabinet he appointeg many capabile men, including the respected Herbert Hoover. But there were also those who betrayed his trust.



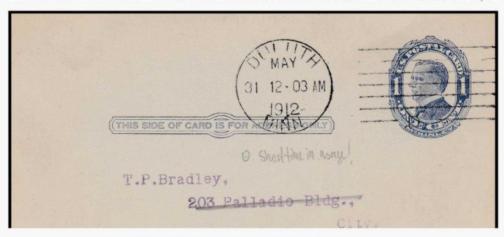
Although word of scandals in his Administration slowly reached the President, he never learned of the infamous Teapot Dome scandal. Yet, on his final trip across America, the President asked Secretary Hoover, "If you knew of a great scandal in our for the good of the country ... expose it publicly...?", "Publish it", Hoover replied. On August 2, 1923, President Harding died. America never learned Harding s own answer to his troubling question.

WILLIAK McKENLY ... THE MASON

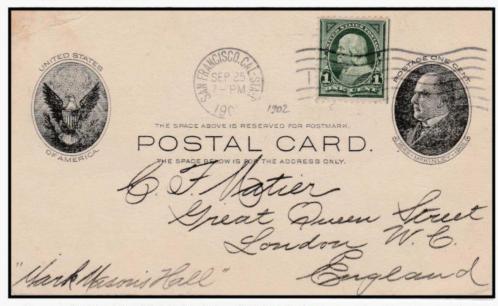
William McKenly President of the United States 4 Mar. 1897 - 14 Sep. 1901



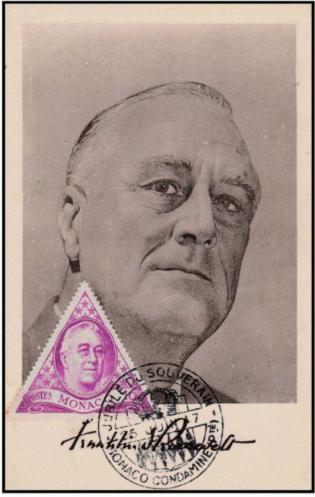
From LOS ANGELES SEP 29 / 913 + WRLD'S / PANAMA – PACIFIC / EXPOSITION / IN SAN FRANCISCO / 915



From DULUTH MIN. MAY / 31 / 1912 to City

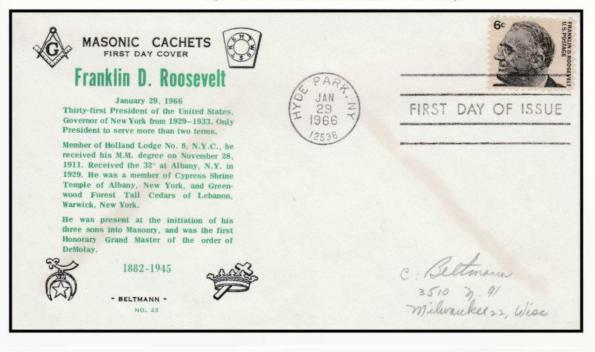


From SAN FRANCISCO CAL. SEP 25 / 1902 to London, England



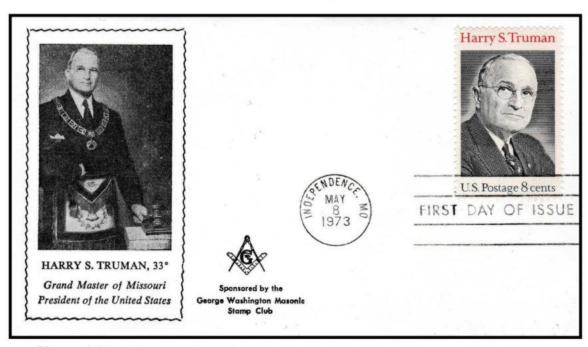
MONACO CONDAMINE (P1E) 25 IUN 47 * JUBILE DU SUVERAN

Franklin D. Roosevelt (1822 – 1945) Governor of New York from 1929 – 1933. President of the United States to serve more thantu terms, 4 Mar. 1933 – 12 Apr. 1945. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C., he received his M.M degree on Noveber 28, 1911. Received the 32 at Albany, N.Y. in 1929. He was a member of Cypress Shirne Temple of Albany New York; Greenwood Forest Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Warwich, New York; was the first Honorary Grand Master of the order of DeMolary.

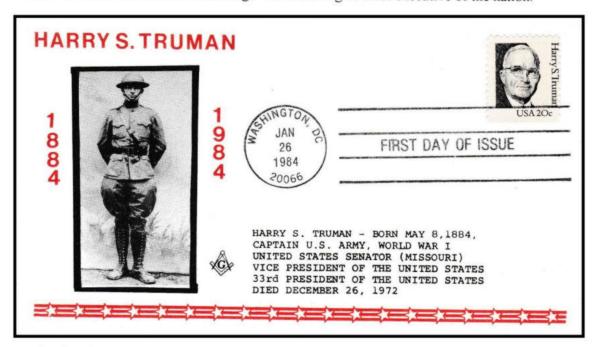


HARRY S. TRUMAN ... THE MASON

Harry S. Truman, the 33rd President of the United States 1945 – 1953, was the second President tohave been to a Grand Master, having served as the Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Missouri 1940 – 1941.



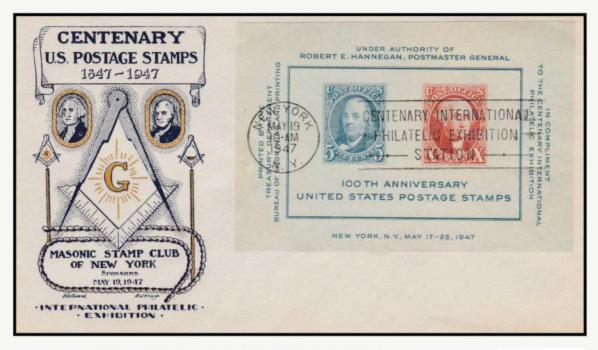
He was initiated into the Craft in Belton Lodge No. 450 on February 9, 1909. In 1911 several membres to form a new Lodge – Grandview No 618 – and he became the first Master. He was a member uf the York and Scottish Rite 33, the Red Cross Constantine and the Shrine. During his term as Grand Master, he was instrumental in the chartering of rhe Missouri Lodge of Research. He was the charter marshal of the new lodge and rose trhouth the chairs to be Master in 1950. Thereby, he became the first President of the United States to be a Master of a Lodge while serving as chief executive of the nation.



On October 19, 1945 he was coroneted with the onorary 33 of the Scottish Rite, Southern Jurisdiction Washington, D.C. while serving as President. Masonic funerral services, held on December 28,1972. Was buried in of his library in Independence, Missouri.



1.5. ANNIVERSARIES AND COMMEMORATIONS



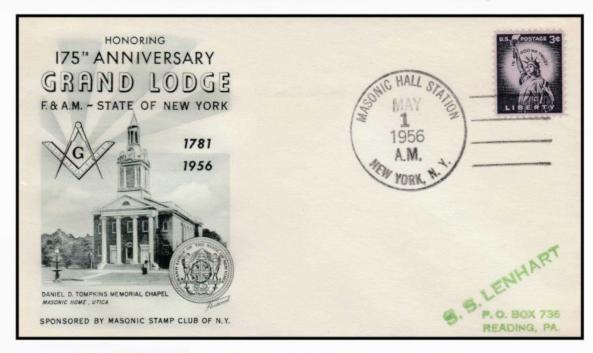
NEW YORK N.Y. MAY 19 / 1947 + CENTENARY INTERNATIONAL / PHILATELIC EXHIBITION / STATION

In the philatelic exhibitions are presented, with or without details, historical events in which masons participated. Great celebrities from all fields of cultural, scientific, social life, etc. there are masons.

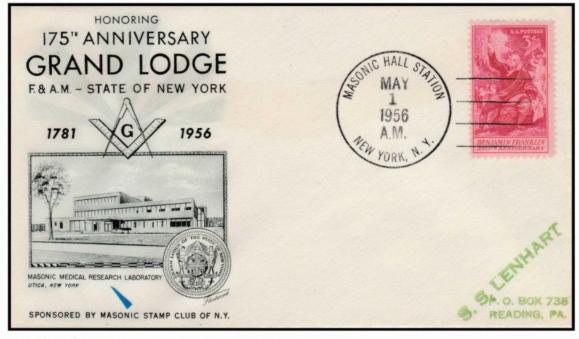
NEW YORK N.Y. MAY 21 / 1947 + CENTENARY INTERNATIONAL / PHILATELIC EXHIBITION / STATION



The Grand Lodge of New York (officially, the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New York) is the largest and oldest independent organization of Freemasons in the U.S. state of New York. It was at one time the largest grand lodge in the world in terms of membership.



The Grand Lodge is over 230 years old, having been founded December 15, 1782. GLoNY acts as the coordinating body for many functions undertaken throughout the state. Its various committees organize blood drives, the New York Masonic Safety Identification Program – (NYMSIP) and charitable events around New York. The GLoNY has jurisdiction over approximately 60,000 Freemasons, organized in more than 800 Lodges, most of them located within New York State.



St. John's Lodge, chartered in 1757, is the oldest operating Lodge under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of New York. St. John's Lodge is the custodian of what is now known as the George Washington Inaugural Bible. On April 30, 1789, it was upon this Bible that George Washington took his oath of office as the first President of the United States.

THE STATUE OF LIBERTY'S OFFICIAL TITLE IS "LIBERTY ENLIGHTENING THE WOLRD"

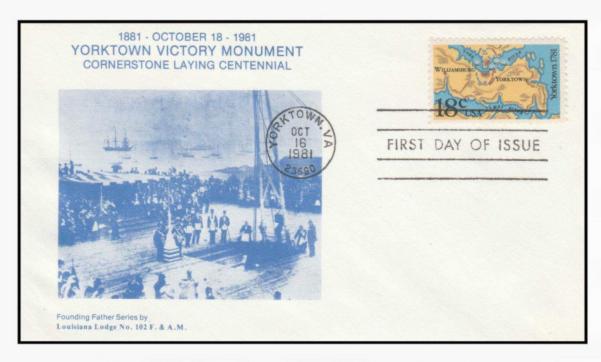
The Statue of Liberty in New York harbour was presented in 1884 as a gift from the French Grand Orient Temple Masons to the Masons of America. The cornerstone of the statue records how it was laid in a Masonic ceremony. The cornerstone for the Statue of Liberty was placed in a solemn ceremony in 1884 organised by the Masonic lodges of New York.



The Statue of Liberty, which designed by the French sculptor Bartholdi and actually built by the French Engineer, Gustave Eiffel (both well-known Freemasons). She is holding the Masonic "Torch of Enlightenment". Also referred to back in the 1700's by the Illuminati Masons as the "Flaming Torch of Reason". The Torch represents the "Sun" in the sky.Illuminati means to "bare light" one way to symbolize this is by carrying a torch. A torch sits on top of the Statue of Liberty. Bartholdi, like many French Freemasons of his time, was deeply steeped in "Egyptian" rituals, and it has often been said that he conceived the original statue as an effigy of the goddess Isis, and only later converted it to a "Statue of Liberty" for New York harbour".

NAPEX STA. WASHINGTON, DC. MAY / 7 / 1977 + BICENTENARE "OLD GLORY" 1777 – 1977





YORKTOWN. VA OCT / 16 / 1981 FIRST DAY OF ISSUE YORKTOWN VICTORY MONUMENT / CORNESTONE LAVING CENTENNIAL LOUSIANA LODGE No. 102 F. & A.M.





romfilatelia - romfilatelia - romfilatelia - romfilatelia - romfilatelia

MAREA LOJĂ NAȚIONALĂ DIN ROMÂNIA - 130 DE ANI

vorbi despre masonerie şi masoni în România înseamnă să consemnăm, în primul rând, că istoria ţării din ultimii 250 de ani a fost strâns legată de reprezentanții acestei organizații.

Încă din secolul al XVIII-lea, pe teritoriul actual al României se înființează primele Loji masonice, una la Galați, iar a doua la Iași. Cei ce le-au înființat au fost secretarul princiar Anton Mario del Chiaro, respectiv domnitorul Constantin Mavrocordat.

Printre personalitățile despre care se spune că au fost francmasoni pot fi amintiți Horea, unul dintre conducătorii răscoalei de la 1784, Tudor Vladimirescu, simbol al luptei naționale la începutul secolului XIX, precum și cei mai mulți pașoptiști: Nicolae Bălcescu, Vasile Alecsandri, Mihail Kogălniceanu, Costache Negruzzi, Ion C. Brătianu.

Sub domnia Regelui Carol I, caracterizată printr-o durabilă construcție modernă a României, așa cum era de așteptat, francmasoneria română a fost nu numai recunoscută, dar i s-a acordat și o mare importanță.

În luna septembrie 1880, a fost aprinsă, în România, Lumina Francmasoneriei Regulare când s-a constituit (ca Mare Lojă regulară şi suverană) Marea Lojă Naţională din România.

Din acest moment, masoneria română începe să cuprindă în rândurile sale elita societății românești formată din politicieni, militari, artiști, întreprinzători din clasa de mijloc, membri ai familiilor descendente din domnitori ai Ţărilor Române și membrii aristocrației.

După Unirea de la 1918, Lojile din Transilvania au devenit membre ale Marii Loje Nationale din România.

Au urmat apoi două decenii de dezvoltare şi consolidare a masoneriei române încheiate însă, la cererea Regelui Carol al II-lea, în 1937 când Francmasoneria intră în adormire.

În perioada 1944 - 1948, cu acordul Comisiei Aliate, masoneria îşi reia activitatea, însă intrarea României sub influența totală a Uniunii Sovietice va duce, începând cu 1948, la interzicerea ei. Au urmat ani grei de opresiune politică şi aruncarea în temnițele comuniste a majorității membrilor masoneriei române.

După schimbările politice din 1989 din Europa de Est, au fost reaprinse Luminile în fostele tări comuniste.

Reactivarea Francmasoneriei Regulare din România a avut loc, cu acceptul Marii Loji Unite a Angliei, de către Marele Orient al Italiei.

Această Mare Lojă Regulară a fondat la Bucureşti, trei Loji Regulare: Loja "Concordia", Loja "Delta Dunării" și Loja "Nicolae Bălcescu".

La 24 ianuarie 1993, cele 3 Loji au reconstituit Marea Lojă Națională din România, care este singura Mare Lojă din România recunoscută de Francmasoneria Regulară Universală.

NATIONAL GRAND LODGE OF ROMANIA - 130 YEARS

peaking about freemasonry and freemasons in Romania means to mention first of all that the history of this country, in the last 250 years, has been tightly connected to the representatives of this organization.

Since the 18th century, on the current territory of Romania, they founded the first freemason Lodges, the first one in Galati and the second in lasi. Their founders were Princely Secretary Anton Mario del Chiaro and the Ruler Constantin Mavrocordat.

Among the personalities who are said to have been freemasons we may mention Horea, one of the leaders of the revolt from 1784, Tudor Vladimirescu, a symbol of the national fight at the beginning of the 19th century, as well as many 1848 revolutionists: Nicolae Balcescu, Vasile Alecsandri, Mihail Kogalniceanu, Costache Negruzzi, Ion C. Bratianu.

Under the reign of King Carol I, characterized by a modern sustainable development of Romania, as we may expect, the Romanian freemasonry was not only acknowledged but it was also given a high importance.

In September 1880, in Romania they kindled the lights of the Regular Freemasonry, when was set up the National Grand Lodge of Romania (as a regular and sovereign Grand Lodge).

From this moment, the Romanian freemasonry started to attract in its ranks, the elite of the Romanian society consisted of politicians, militaries, artists, entrepreneurs from the middle class, members of the families descending from rulers of the Romanian Principalities and members of aristocracy.

After the Great Union from 1918, the Transylvanian Lodges have become members of the National Grand Lodge of Romania.

Then followed two decades of development and consolidation of the Romanian freemasonry that came to an end in 1937, at the request of King Carol II, when freemasonry went into dormancy.

From 1944 to 1948, with the agreement of the Allied Control Committee, freemasonry resumed its activity, but Romania's total submission to the Soviet Union would lead to its forbiddance starting from 1948. Harsh years of political oppression and imprisonment came for most members of the Romanian freemasonry.

After the political changes of 1989 in the Eastern Europe, they rekindled the lights in the former communist countries.

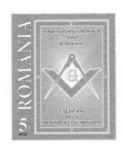
The reactivation of the Regular Freemasonry of Romania occurred with the authorization of the United Grand Lodge of England by the Grand Orient of Italy.

This Regular Grand Lodge founded three Regular Lodges in Bucharest: "Concordia" Lodge, "Delta Dunarii" Lodge and "Nicolae Balcescu" Lodge.

On 24th of January 1993, the 3 lodges reconstituted the Grand National Lodge of Romania, which is the only Grand Lodge of Romania acknowledged by the Universal Regular Freemasonry.







2.1. HISTORY (see also page 65)

Freemasonry has always highly stimulated the curiosity of the profane, uninitiated people, even when the activity of his hermetic society was accepted by the legislation of Romania. From 1937, when King Karol II formaly banned all the actions of Freemasons, unitil 1990, when this association officially restaured its activity, one could no longer speak freely about what the Masnic lodges stand for and by what means their actions tache place.





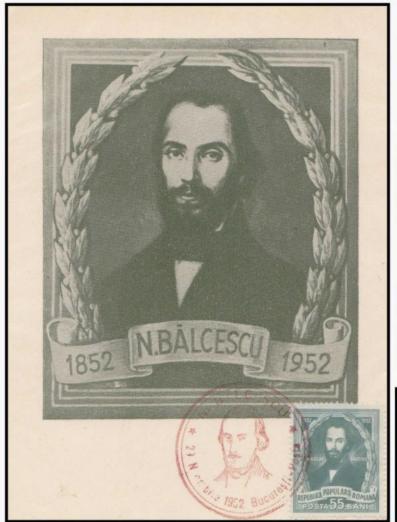
The ruler of Moldavia, Dimitrie Cantemir, (1693 and 1710-1711) is first Romanian personality who joined a secret society at the benning of the 18th century. He became a Rosicrucian in a organision which preceded the Speculative Freenmasonry.





His friendschip with the tsar Petru I and count Tolstoi, as well as some elements from his cout-of-arms such as the Masonic symbol of jitle joined hands - entitle us to believe that the rule of Moldavia was a Mason or, at lest, a Rosicrucian. Being a well-knoun scholar, a polyglot and having encilopidetic inclination, he was elected member the Academy of Berlin in 1714.

2.2. REVOLUTION OF 1848 IN THE ROMANIAN PRINCIPALITES













29 Noiembrie 1852 București Poșta N.BĂLCESCU

The Revolution of 1948 in the Romanian Principalities. The desire to proclaim the revolutionary action peopel s identity and the urge for national unity and enmacipation caused the majority of intellectual elite to det involved in this revolutionary action. Among intellectuals there werw mani Freemasons and leaders of the Freemasonry, such as Nicolae Bălcescu (1819-1852), Eftimie Murgu, Mihail Kogălniceanu (who were outstanding members of various lodges from Iași and Bucharest), Ion Eliade Rădulescu (Grand Master of the Lodge the "Danube Star"), Simion Bărnuțiu, George Magheru, Vasile Alecsandri and many more.

100 lei banknote



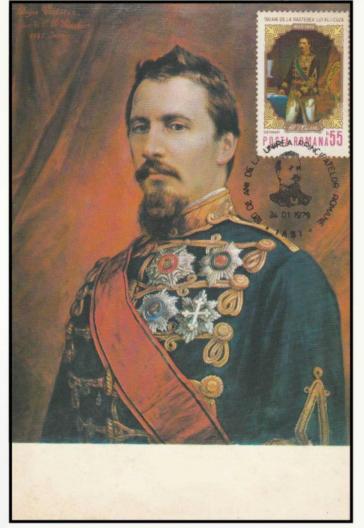
2.3. UNIFICATION OF THE ROMANIAN PRINCIPALITES

Foullowing the defeat of the revolutionary moment 1848, the Freemasons living in Romania were helped by those living abroad in organising certain activities based on the ideal of national unity.





The unification of the principalites is a istoric event achivied with the help of the universal Mansonry. A European group made up exclusively of masons and the Romanian Masons was present on January 5, 1859 in Moldavia and on January 24, in Walachia at election of the ruler Alexandru Ioan Cuza (1820-1873). The members of this group advised upon the election of a single ruler for the two principalites.





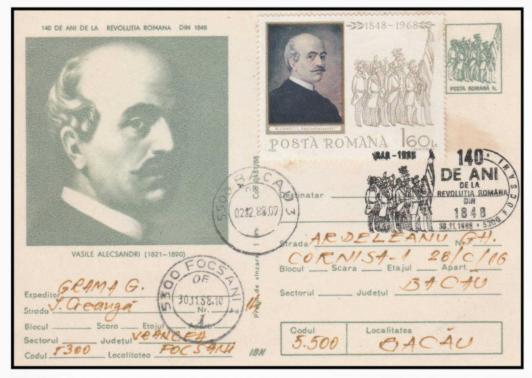
The initiation of Alexandru Ioan Cuza still represents a controversal issue, as there are no documents supporting this theory, but he is considered to have been Freemason due to the part he played in the unification of Moldavia and Valachia and during his rule.



He passed a series of laws which were in accordance with the Masonic principles: the putting of induals into possession of land, the organising and training the army, the secularization of monastitry proprietes, the abolition of Gypsy selfdrom, compulsory public instruction and education, the setting up of universities and in Iaşi and Bucharest, the management of the postal service, communal management and many more. Another argument supporting the idea that Alexandru Ioan Cuza was a Freemason is the fact that several Romanian lodge from Galaţi, Iaşi and Dorohoi were named after him.



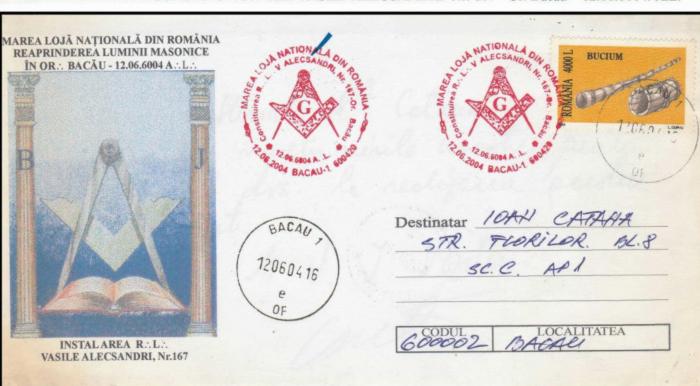
2.4. THE ACTIVITY OF MASONS IN UNITED ROMANIA



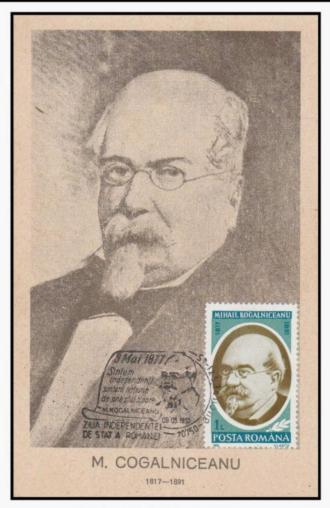
FOCŞANI 30.11.88. 140 YEARS OF THE ROMAN REVOLUTION IN 1848

Vasile Alecsandri (1921-1890) member of the Academy, a diplomat, a writer, a participant in the 1848 revlution in Moldova and a supporter of the unification of the Romanian principalites, was member of a lodge in Iaşi in 1857.

BACĂU 12.06.2004. CONSTITUTION R.L. VASLE ALECSANDRI Nr. 167 - Or. Bacău * 12.06.6004. A.L.



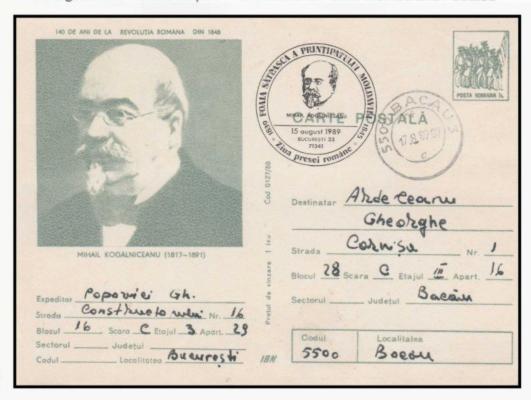
Political person, minister, diplomat, founding member of the Romanian Academy, creator of Romanian theater and dramatic literature in Romania, outstanding personality of Moldova and then of Romania throughout the 19th century.

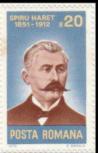


BUCUREȘTI 09.05.1990 9 MAY 1877 DAY OF STATE INDEPENDENCE OF ROMANIA

Mihail Kogălniceanu (1817-1891) was Primer Minister (1863-1865) and later on was appointed Foreign Minister. He was a member Academy, a university professor, a writer, a journalist and great orator. In 1844 he was Venerable of a lodge in Bucharest.

15 august 1989 BUCUREȘTI THE DAY OF THE ROMANIAN PRESS





Spiru Haret (1851 - 1912), Minister of Education (1897 - 1899, 1901 - 1904, 1907 - 1910), famous for laying the foundation of modern education, was member of the Academy, a universitary professor, a mathematician and sociologist.

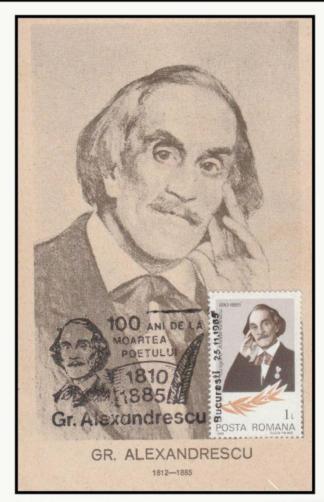


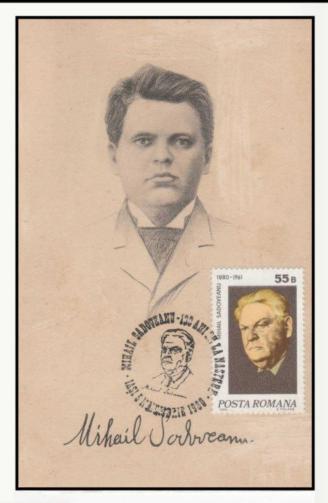
Titu Maiorescu (1840 – 1917), then minister in different governments, member of Academy, a diplomat, a university professor, a lewyer and a literary, had ben initiaded in 1866 in the Romanian Star lodge of Iaşi.

In the 1877 war against the Ottoman Empire, the Romanian masonic lodgesmade an active contribution to this war by donating large amounts of money to the Read Cross Society wich was set up by the Mason Carol Davila (1821-1884) on june 4, 1876. In 1874 Carol Davila was elected Venerable in a Masonic loge from Bucharest.

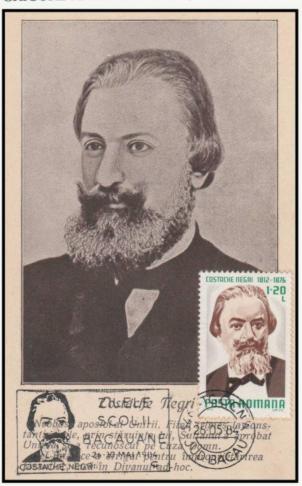
10.09.78. CONSTANȚA RED CROSS - THE SYMBOL OF PEACE AND HUMANITY







MASONIC WRITERS:
GRIGORE ALEXANDRESCU, MIHAIL SADOVEANU, COSTACHE NEGRI, DUILIU ZAMFIRESCU

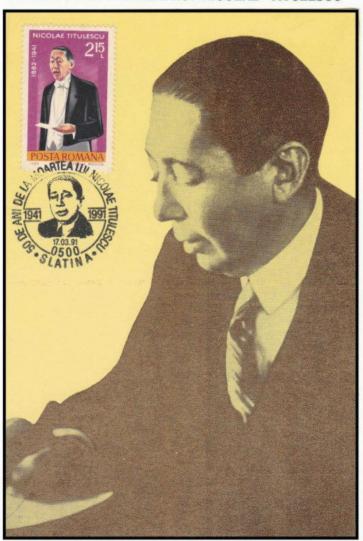






Nicolae Titulescu (1882–1941), an internationally respected Freemason. He was a member of the Academy, a university professor, a politician (former Foreign Minister), a diplomat and a permanent delegate of Romania to the League Nations of Nations (1920–1936). For some time during this period he was also chaiman of the League.

17.03.91.SLATINA 50 YARS SINCE THE DEATHOF NICOLAE TITULESCU



On some series (1946–1948) of postage stamps were discreetly placed, in the lower left corner, including on the CONSTITUTION series 1948, the sign of Masonry, the compasse.

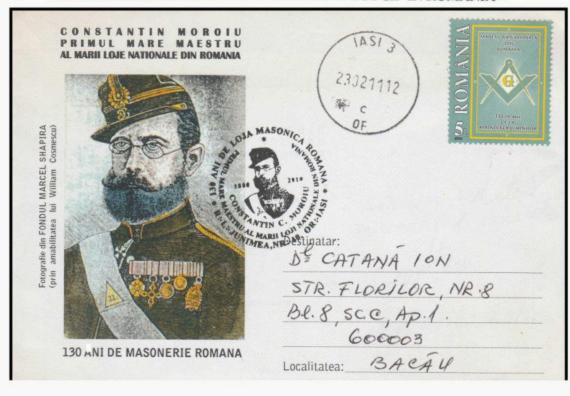


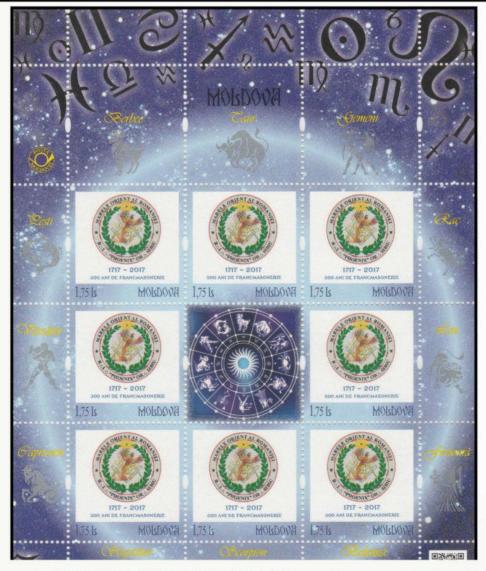
Between 1940–1945 the inactivity of the Freemasonry is justified by the military operations taking place in the Second Wrld War. The fact the new authorities approved of this society to restart seemed to anticipate a signifiand boost which it was about to receive. However, in 1948, due to the pressure put on King Mihai s abdication and to the way in wich the communist authorities approached the functioning of this association, some of the leaders of the Romanian Freemasonrychose to go abroad. Those who stayed behind suffered a great of injustice, including imprisonment. After the conclusion of the hill, the Second World War Romania remained under the occupation of the Soviet Union, which established a communist regime that by various measures abolished Freemasonry. However, The Romani n Masonic Order continued to function in Paris and due to this continuity a certain number of lodgres could be created in Bucharest in 1990. Consequently, the activity of an organisation that values discretion in this actions was reactivated.

2.5 MANSONRY IN ROMANIA AFTER THE REVOLUTION OF 1989



IAȘI 3 23.02.11. – BACĂU 25.02.11. CONSTANTIN C. MOROIU THE FIRST GRAND MASTER OF THE GREAT NATIONAL LODGE IN ROMANIA



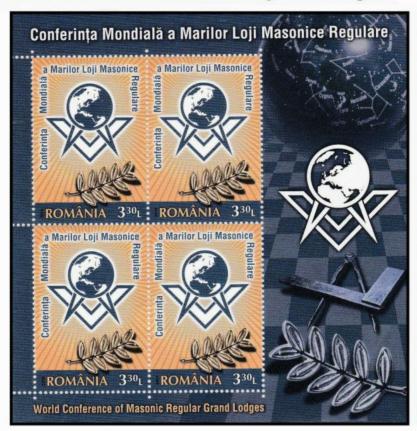


1917, MOLDOVA, 1717 – 2017 300 years of freemasonry.
BÎLCA 07.06.11. – BACĂU 10.06.11. IN THE GEORGE MUNTEAN MEMORY
MASONIC SECTION OF THE BÎLCA MUSEUM





2014, World Coference of Masonic Regular Grand Loges





2015, THE NATIONAL GRAND LODGE OF ROMANIA-135 YEARS







2019, HORSESHOE SUPPORT, 19^{th} CENTURY THE NATIONAL GRAND LODGE OF ROMANIA – 135 YEARS SINCE THE FOUNDATION

On 24th of january 1993, the three Regular Lodges in Bucharest: "Concordia" Lodge, "Delta Dunării" lodge and "Nicolae Bălcescu" Lodge recnstituted the Grand National Lodge of Romania, which it the only Grand National Lodge of Romania aknowledged by Universal Reglar Fremasonry.

16.06.2015 BUCURESTI FIRST DAY COVER







EXPOZIȚIA FILATELICĂ ROMÂNĂ

A V-a Ediție



19-21.09.2019









În rang de medalie VERMEIL MARE

CATANĂ IOAN

Masonry in the United States of America and in Romania

SOUTH VILLATELICA OR SOUTH OF THE SOUTH OF T

Se acordă D-ului/D-nei

Pentru

România - București

Președintele Juriului,

Parcan